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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 172 BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 24, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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N. KOREANS RECAPTURE YONGDOK

All Out U. S. Bid To Stem Red Advance

WITH MACARTHUR'S H. Q. FOR KOREA, JULY 23, (PTI-REUTER).

NORTH KOREAN FORCES HAVE RECAPTURED YONGDOK ON THE EAST COAST OF KOREA, GENERAL MACARTHUR ANNOUNCED TODAY. ONLY 24 HOURS AGO A HEADQUARTERS' ANNOUNCEMENT HAD SAID THAT AMERICAN AND SOUTH KOREAN TROOPS HAD TAKEN YONGDOK.

Communist troops, returning to the offensive by recapturing Yongdok on the northern tip of the American triangle, were today reported to have swept on down the south-western plains to within 35 miles of the South Korean coast.

A big assault on the American Taejon-Yongdong line was awaited. Today's first thrust towards Yongdong was stopped short by artillery and rocket fire.

Frontline despatches said between ten and twenty Northern tanks were destroyed in the battle, but that armoured spearheads had reached a portion forty miles from the port of Suchon and in a line parallel with Pusan, the American forces main supply base.

The Communists were met by taut and overstrained American and South Korean defenders, wearily dug in after their withdrawal from Taejon.

Shooting-star jet fighters swooped down for devastating rocket attacks on the Northern artillery batteries, which stopped firing in an attempt to hide their positions

OPEN PLAINS

Yesterday the Northerners retook shell-torn Yongdok, northern tip of the America's east coast bridgehead, only twenty-four hours after General MacArthur had announced capture of the town, first reported "destroyed" in a combined British-American naval bombardment.

Communist spearheads were reported to have laid down a heavy artillery barrage near Yongdong, South of Taejon on the Taegun-Pusan line they were said to be running freely down the open plains of the south-west.

North Korean troops now hold about two-thirds of South Korea, and it appeared they would have a clear run down to sea across the plains.

But in the southern hills more American troops have arrived to bolster the line and relieve the batle scarred 24th Infantry Division.

BATTLE LATER

General MacArthur's communique announced Communist recapture of Yongdok after ceaseless Northern counter attacks since they driven out on Friday.

Though there was no large-scale hand-to-hand fighting, signs pointed to a battle later tonight or tomorrow, according to a despatch from PTI-Reuter correspondent. Shooting-Star jets strafed the Northern gun sites in the Yongdong area with rockets "second after each plane disappeared from behind the mountains, the thump and the rattle of its delivery reverberated throughout the valleys", he correspondent reported.

American artillery shelled and sank a troop carrying barge. By mid-day American aircrafts had made more than 50 sorties attacking bridges, locomotives and trucks. Yesterday carrier-based planes carried out heavy raids both north and south of the 38th Parallel and strafed Northern aircraft on Kimpo airfield at Seoul.

FUEL DUMP BOMBED

A communique from General MacArthur's Headquarters confirmed the bombing of a Northern fuel dump near Taejon. Thousands of gallons laboriously moved south to supply tanks and other vehicles went up in flames. Superfortresses dropped 150 tons of bombs near the marshalling yards at Pyongyang, the North Korean capital.

The United States Navy announced the arrival in Japan of a 27,000 ton Essex class carrier with "the largest load of aircraft ever carried by a ship".

The Airforce denied reports that fifteen Yak fighters had strafed an airfield in Korea and forced down American transport planes. An official said the reports, circulated by American flyers returning to Japan, were "absolutely without foundation".

MISSING COMMANDER

Major General William Dean, burly Commander of the United States 24th Division who was officially listed last night as missing in action, is now reported to have escaped from the blazng city Taejon.

An American Subaltern, Lieutenant Arthur Clark, who reached the United States lines today after a two-day trek reported he had met the General in the hills south of Taejon on Thursday. He told the Lieutenant he would return. General Dean, who is 51, led the 24th division in its unsuccessful effort to hold Taejon.

SPORT NOT POLITICS

PORT DE BOUE, Souther France, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): An explosion early today destroyed part of a stand in a new sports stadium here, which was to have been named the "Joseph Stalin Stadium". The name raised a local controversy. On the wrecked stand was found written". Municipal stadium for sport and not politics. We want nothing to do with Stalin".

An American Colonel, who arrived at Eighth Army Headquarters yesterday after escaping from Taejon, said there were many United States stragglers in the hills. He had personlly picked up eighty four. He thought it would take at least five days for the survivors of the Taejon garrison to infiltrate through the hills back to the American lines.

Thailand will go all out in support of the United Nations efforts to restore peace in Korea, Prime Minister Marshal Pibul Songgkram told M. Sivram, Press Trust of India correspondent here today.

The Thai Premier added that his country's force on the Korea warfront would comprise one combat team of 5,000 officers and men (not 4,000 as reported earlier).

BATTERED RUINS

As dusk fell over the central and western battlefields today, American artillery and close-support aircraft were striking through the smoke of a hundred burning townships in an all out bid to halt two developing Communist thrusts writes Lionell Hudson PTI-Reuter correspondent.

The unarmed American trainer plane, spotting targets for planes and guns, from which I watched the last hour of today's battle south-east of the battered ruins of Taejon, was flying in battle smoke at 3,000 feet. Fighter bombers dived through the smoke pall to destroy Nothern tanks huddled against the walls or road cuttings in the hills, while from the American lines, where fresh troops were digging in for their first battle, red flashes pierced the gathering darkness, as American batteries pounded Northern tank concentrations.

TOWN IN FLAMES

Simchon-Ni, township 20 miles south-east of Taejon, was burning fiercely, and smoke rose from a dozen other settlements.

A few miles back, a white ribbon of refugees trailed towards the south-east, but behind the northern lines, where invading inness to fal. not a sould moved. fantry crouched waiting for darkmoved.

North Korean Casualties

WASHINGTON, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): The North Korean Communist army has suffered between 14,000 and 18,000 casualties since the invasion of South Korea began, a Defence Department briefing officer estimated today.

He said no breakdown of the numof killed, wounded and captured could be made.

The number of replacements the Communist forces have been able to get to offset these losses was not known, he said.

Then he added "If they have had that many casualties and have committed the greater part of their ground forces they haven't got much reserve left."

U. S. Precautions

KOREAN FRONTLINE, July 23, (PTI)-Reuter): The American Authorities today banned the movements southwards of civilian refugees ordering that they should be regarded as "enemy troops" and fired on is seen in the Koreon combat zone.

MARSHALL AID CUTS FORECAST

NEW YORK, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): The New York Times today predicted that the United States might restrict Marshall Aid supplies because of the Korean War.

Tighter restrictions on all United States goods needed for the war effort loomed as a "practical certainty", the paper said.

ALL PLANES TO THE ATTACK

U. S. Bid To Stop Reds

WITH GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS FOR KOREA, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): American planes and guns were tonight pounding North Koreans gathering for the attack in south-west and Central Korea.

Advanced air bases sent out a "riot call" for every available plane to hit Southern tanks thrusting south near Taejon and towards Hamchang, 45 miles to the north-east.

Assault aircraft hit Communist concentrations near Yonggwang, 50 miles from the south coast furthest point the invaders had penetrated in their virtually unopposed drive to the south-east.

In the centre fresh American troops were digging in south-east of the smoking ruins of Taejon(ready to meet an expected Northern attack on their first day in action.

Through smoke rising over 3,000 feet from a hundred burning townships, aircraft swooped to destroy communist tanks hiding in hill cuttings. Pilots returnings from the Yonggwang raid said they left eight vehicles burning at one point alone.

Only defenders of the open plains of the south-west are a few scattered South Korean troops and police. General MacArthur is relying on air strikes and the difficult mountain country between to protect his uncovered east flank.

The Communists were reported to have lost between ten and twenty tanks in the push south-east of Taejon.

REDS PLAN TO TAKE WEST GERMANY

Cominform To Create Proper Atmosphere

BERLIN July 22. (PTI-Reuter).

WHILE, 2,000 delegates to the S E D (Socialist Unity Party) Congress here listened to an ideological Communist plan to capture West Germany, a Minister of the West German Government expressed "firm determination" yesterday to "oppose the Communists with all means".

Communist theoretician Fritz Dahlem, outlining a plan to capture West Germany on the ideological front, told the Congress they should create an atmosphere of "hatred and disgust against the American murderers."

"In their fear of another war," he added, "the West German population will soon discover who is their true friend and protector", he added.

"They will also discover that the Soviet Union is also strong enough to safeguard peace for the German people."

In Bonn, seat of the West German Committees and National Front, with nister for all-German affairs, replied:

"We are firmly determined to oppose the Communists, as well as their camouflaged organisations, the Peace Commuittees and National Front, with all means."

Reports in Berlin from circles in close touch with the S.E.D. Congress suggested that with leading Communists from 17 countries including Russia now here, the opportunity was being taken of outlining Cominform tactics in the next immediate phase of the East-West struggle.

ANOTHER COLD WAR

A second "Cold War" move is reported to be now under discussion in East Berlin.

Heinz Jendretzki, SED Party Chairman in Berlin, told the Congress today that the party would "turn the tables before long" on the "imperialist bridgehead" formed by Western Berlin.

ALLIES CONFIDENT

The Allied powers and the West German Government were equally confident they could deal with the strikes and unrest threatened by the Communist leaders in Berlin.

An Allied spokesman said no new measures were in view.

A British spokesman commented: "We are not perturbed, as the Communists have not sufficient strength in Western Germany to create difficulties."

Allied officials and Germans in Bonn agreed that Communism in Germany had been going downhill.

LANDSLIDE NEAR KOLHAPUR

Bus Traffic Disrupted

KOLHAPUR, July 23 (PTI): Heavy rains have caused a landslide in the historic Panhala Hill, about 15 miles from Kolhapur, obstructing bus traffic.

The Poona-Kolhapur road bus traffic has also been disrupted by the rains.

The river Panchganga is in spate.

The total rainfall in Kolhapur District upto now is 18 inches a record for the last 15 years. This unusually heavy rain is threatening crops, especially sugarcane, in the district.

NEHRU'S GOOD FAITH ACKNOWLEDGED

NEW YORK, 23 (PTI): The controversy raised by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's move for Korean and world peace has practically died down with the official indication that the correspondence on the subject is closed. writes D. P. Wagle, PTI correspondent.

While the issue was still open, India and Pandit Nehru were mentioned in practically every news story bearing on the Korean War, sometimes with regret but always with a careful tribute to basic intentions.

Columnists and editorial writers invariably acknowledged the Indian Prime Minister's good faith but either complained that he had acted at an inopportune moment or had worded his initial appeal in a manner that was likely to be misused by anti-American propagandists.

BELGIUM OFFERS TRANSPORT

WASHINGTON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter).—Belgium yesterday informed the United Nations that it would provide air transport to and from the war theatre to assist the United Nations forces.

Mackenzie King Dead

FORMER PREMIER OF CANADA

OTTAWA, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Mackenzie King, former Prime Minister of Canada, died today.

He was suffering from an attack of acute pneumonia at his summer home near here.

Mr. King, 75, has been in ill health since the autumn of 1948 when he was stricken with a circulatory ailment while visiting London.

He retired from the Prime Ministership in November, 1948, and did not seek re-election when Parliament was dissolved in the spring of 1949.

Mr. Mackenzie King was Prime Minister for more than 21 years—longer than anyone else in history.

First entering the Canadian Parliament in 1908, he became Prime Minister within 13 years. He led the Canadian Liberal Party for nearly thirty years.

King, a bachelor, had never fully recovered from a circulation ailment which developed while he was in Paris in September, 1948, and later confined him for a month to a hotel room in London where he had gone, though ill, to attend a meeting of Commonwealth Prime Ministers in October.

Mr. King had been comparatively inactive since Christmas and until this spring was confined much of the time to his Ottawa home.

But when summer began he was confident, he would recover much of his strength and health at Kingsmere, where he proposed to work on his memoirs and private documents.

Mr. Mackenzie King will be given a state funeral inOttawa, where he guided the nation for 21 of its most momentous years.

Announcing this today, Mr. Louis

(Continued on page 5)

STRENGTHENING JAPANESE BASE

U.S. Aircraft Carrier Arrives With 107 Planes

TOKYO, July 23. (PTI-Reuter): A 27,000 ton American Essex class aircraft carrier has arrived at a Japanese base from San Francisco in the record time of eight days seven nours, the naval forces in the Far East announced today.

Aboard the carrier was the largest load of aeroplanes ever carried by a single ship

(The Essex class carriers of which there are 24 in the United States Fleet, normally carry 82 planes but have taken 107 closely-packed. They are among the world's largest except for the three 45,000-ton American midway class ships, which can take 137 war planes including multiengined bombers.)

QUICK SOLUTION OF KASHMIR

Talks Centre Round Plebiscite

TENTATIVE FORMULA FOUND?

NEW DELHI, July 23, (PTI).

THE Kashmir talks will enter their fifth day on what is vaguely hinted at as a "'vital phase" when the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan and the U. N. Mediator, Sir Owen Dixon meet tomorrow evening. They had already had sixteen hours talks spread over four days and this evening the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru had another conference with the Cabinet Committee on External Vallabhbhai Patel.

There is, as yet, little information on the trend of discussions, while the scope of the talks is to bring about "an enduring solution" of the Kashmir dispute. It is understood that the discussions so far centred round discovering a common grond where a start could be made for the quick solution of the impasse.

PLEBISCITE

The present talks between the two Prime Ministers and the UN Mediator, it is understood, were not intended to reopen the controversy on several points which have by now stabilised themselves.

Without prejudice to the claims of the respective parties, efforts are being made to find o via media by which the will of the Kashmir people could be ascertained. There are several issues connected with the respective Governments reach an agreement on the pre-plebiscite phase, the problem could be eosily solved.

It is understood as a result of the four days' discussions a tentative formula has emerged regarding the criteria pre-requisite for holding the plebiscite. The reactions of both governments are expected to come up for review at tomorrow's meeting. If there is an understanding the talks will be resumed to tackle other questions.

DELHI PACT

In the meantime, Pandit Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and their principal advisers ore expected to meet tomorrow morning to review the working of the Delhi Pact.

Dr. B. C. Roy, Premier of West Benal, who has been sunmmoned by the Indian Prime Minister, arrived here today and Pandit Nehru will have consultations with him in regard to the working of the Delhi Pact.

GURKHA TROOPS TO MALAYA

'Movement Only Routine One'

CALCUTTA, July 23, (PTI): An official of the United Kingdom High Commission here said that some 500 Gurkha troops who sailed from here yesterday by S. S. "Tairea" were returning to Malaya with their families after leave. The movement was "purely a routine one" he added.

The disembarkation point of the troops which belong to the British Gurkha Brigade was not known yesterday when ship sailed reportedly bound for the Far East.

In Quest Of Adventure

WORCESTER, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): An invalid young man, unadunted by his wooden leg yesterday set out cheerfully on a world tour by bicycle.

"I want to see a bit of the world before I get too old". 23-year-old Eric S. Minchin said as he mounted his bicyle to start his trip which will take him through France, Italy and North Africa on to the Cape and then across to Australia.

He intends to make the return trip by way of South America or Canada.

A 29-year-old friend William Evident goes with him.

SIAMESE FORCES FOR KOREA

Decision Approved By Parliament

BANGKOK, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The Siamese Parliament, after a three-hour secret session, today approved the Government's decision to send a Siamese Army contingent to aid the United Nations forces in Korea.

Field Marshal Luang Pibul Songgram, Prime Minister, said later that detailed proposals of equipment and other details would be sent to the United Nations Secretary-General within a day or two.

The Prime Minister added: 'Only by fast and decisive action can we cope with the critical situation throughout Asia.

"By supporting the United Nations we are not only helping Korea, but ourselves and every other small nation whose integrity might be menaced".

He added there was a good response from volunteers for Korea, but the first batch would be drawn from active servicemen.

Precautions had been taken to ensure that subversive elements inside Siam did not exploit the absence abroad of Government forces.

SPANISH CONSUL EXPELLED

Chinese Government's Charges

TOKYO, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): Peking Radio reported that the Shanghai Military Control Committee had ordered Spanish Consul Julio De Larracochea to leave China.

He was given ten days from July 11.

The Radio said Larracochea showed "contempt for the Communist regime and acted in contravention of Chinese Communist Government decrees by continuing "his consular and other illegal activities".

Peking said the expulsion was ordered when Larracochea "refused to admit his misconduct in a written statement and give assurances that he would not repeat it".

The Communists took exception to protest Larracochea filed in his capacity as a Spanish Government representative.

Navy Day In Russia

LONDON July 23, (PTI-Reuter): Moscow celebrated Navy Day on Saturday with a big meeting attended by top admirals, generals and ministers, Tass, the Soviet News Agency reported yesterday.

Speakers praised the "splendid geographical discoveries made by Russian seafarers" and stressed the part played by Stalin in creating the Soviet Navy, Tass said.

PEACE DEMONSTRATION IN LONDON

LONDON, July 23, (PTI-Reu ter).

A peace demonstration in Trafalgar Square today drew several thousand people. Torrential rain, however, drove away the bulk of the crowd just after Ilya Ehrenburg, the Soviet writer, had had spoken.

The demonstration was organised as part of the British Peace Committee's weekend conference. Communists were very prominent, on the platform and off it ,but also present were membes of other organisations.

One of the organisers of the rally in Trafalgar Square for years. "Perhaps", she said, "because everyone is intersted in peace".

Extra police were on duty, but there was no disorder and only one interruption, when Ehrenburg was speaking.

DISTURBANCE

Section of the crowd on the terrance overlooking the Square suddenly started chanting "Down with Communism". Then they showered over their corner of the corwd yellow leaflets bearing the imprint of the Union Movement run by Sir Oswald Mosley the former Blackshirt fascist leader.

On the leaflets were the words "Russia threatens war—Korea to-day, Britain tomorrow".

The speakers on the platform included France's pro-Communist Abbe Boulier and Arthur Horner, Communist General Secretary of the British Miners Union. It was announced that 823,000 people had signed the peace petition in Britain.

Ily Ehrenburg who had some to Britain specially for the conference appealed to British people to ban the Atom Bomb. He said the Soviet people wanted peace, only peace. If the Russians had sent their troops into Korea as the Americans did, there would be war now. He could not believe that the conscience of Britain could be quoted on the Chicago stock exchange or sold by auction in New York.

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Available good condition secondhand 8 Platt Roving Machines; 1 Bonda Machine; 1 Willow Machine; Complete Blowroom Line 16000 lbs capacity of finished goods, 40" lap; One line Exhaust with Breaker Scutcher; 33 Warp and Weft Ring Frames Platt and Brooks and Doxey still working in excellent condition; one Baling Press Mather and Platt make; D. C. Generators and Electric Motors. Interested parties should send their highest offer to Box No 1975 'Bombay Chronicle."

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.

Gokhale Road (South), Bombay 14

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an extraordinary general meeting of the Zandu Pharmaceutical Works. Ltd. will be held at the registered office of the Company at Gokhale Road (South) Bombay 14 on Saturday 19th day of August 1950 at 5 p.m. (standard) or immediately after the termination of the General Meeting when the following resolution will be submitted to the Meeting to be passed as special resolution.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered in the manner following, viz:—

(a) Article 135 shall be deleted and the following new article substituted therefor.

"135. The general management of the business of the company, subject to the control and supervision of the Directors, shall be in the hands of person or persons, who are, for the time being, the agents of the Company. The firm of Messrs. Jugatram & Co., Bombay and the partners or members, for the time being, constituting the said firm, shall be and they have been appointed the agents of the Company for the period and upon the terms, provisions and conditions set out in the Managing Agency agreement dated the 3rd day of April 1950 made between the Company of the one part and Shrimati Ambu Jugatram Vaidya and ors. of the other part copy whereof is hereto subjoined by way of Schedule B".

(b) Delete from Schedule B—
—Copy of the agreement dated 21st Jan. 1920 entered into between the Company of the one part and Jugatram Shankarprasad Vaidya and Ors. of the other part—and substitute in its place—
—Copy of the agreement dated the 3rd day of April 1950 entered into between the Company of the one part and Shrimati Ambu Jugatram Vaidya & Ors. of the other part.

(c) In Article 136 the commencing words
"Pending execution of the said agreement and there after" shall be deleted and the word "the" occurring immediately thereafter shall be substituted by the word "The".

By order of the Board of Directors
JUGATRAM & CO.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents

Bombay, 6-7-1950.

N.B.—Inspection of the Articles of Association of the Company can be had at the registered office of the Company during office hours. (8292A)

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-First Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Gokhale Road (South), Bombay on Saturday the 19th day of August 1950 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Director's Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the period ended 31st March, 1950.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To confirm the charities.
4. To elect directors in place of those retiring.
5. To confirm appointment of directors.
6. To appoint auditors for the the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
7. To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Directors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 3rd August to 19th August 1950 (Both days inclusive).

By order of the Directors.
JUGATRAM & CO.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay, 6-7-50.

[N.B.—The Dividend, if sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office on and after the 3RD SEPTEMBER 1950 to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 3rd August, 1950.] 8292

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

SEALED TENDER for the supply of about (1) 1000 Gross Bolts, Nuts, Screws, etc. of sizes and (2) 200 Masonite Sheets will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, up to noon on the 3rd August, 1950. 8290

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

1. Sealed Tenders are invited for all sheds and pumping stations on the M.G. System of this Rly. for purchase of coal ashes, and smoke box ashes accummulated at various sheds from April, 1950, to June, 1950. Those heaps which have been duly marked are open to inspection by the Tenderer before tendering.

2. Tender Forms can be had from the office of the Dy. Chief Mech. Engineer (Running), Ajmer, on payment of Rs. 2|-

3. The Tender must reach Chief Mechanical Engineer, Parel, (Bombay) ON THURSDAY THE 10TH AUGUST, 1950, at 12 Noon and on the same day these will be opened and read out between 2 and 3 P.M. in the presence of the Tenderers or their agents if they choose to attend.

4. Tenders by wire will not be accepted.

Dy. CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER (Running)

8291

TRAVANCORE-COCHIN GOVERNMENT

ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

SHORT TENDER NOTICE

NAME OF WORK:— Sengulam Hydro-Electric Project—Item 9-Constructing a Power House at Vellathuval.

LOCALITY. Vellathuval, 9 miles southwest of Chithirapuram in North Travancore.

1) Firm competitive tenders are hereby invited from Engineering Contractors, for the above work.

2) Forms of tender and connected documents can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 15|- per set which will on no account be refunded. Tenders not submitted in these forms will not be considered.

3) The approximate value of the work is Rs. 6,78,000|-.

4) Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money deposit of Rs. 17,000|- either in cash or by chalan receipt after depositing the money in a treasury of the Travancore Cochin Government. Tenders not accompanied by such a deposit will not be considered. The earnest money of the unsuccessful tenderers will be returned immediately after the contract is settled.

5) The last date for submission of the tenders to the undersigned is at 3 p.m. on Tuesday the 15th August 1950.

6) The work is to be completed in all respects before May, 1952.

S. J. BRUFORD,
Chief Engineer (Construction).
Office of the Chief Engineer (Construction),
Munnar, dated 26th June, 1950.

8284

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of the right, title and interest of Cassamally Munji, the deceased Debtor in the valuable property at Samuel Street, (Khoja Moholla) with the consent of the Mortgagees will will take place on Wednesday, 26-7-50 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises.

The sale will be confirmed by the Official Assignee on the spot.

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LIAQUAT ON NEED FOR HARD WORK, UNITY AND PEACE

Reviews American Tour In Broadcast Talk

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, (By Air Mail)

"THERE is hardly any side of life in America which escaped our study. We examined everything with a view to studying the extent to which it could be transfered to Pakistan. Not for a moment did we loose sight of the interest and progress of Pakistan," said Mr. Liaquat Ali, Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan, reviewing his recent tour of America and Britain, in a broadcast talk from Radio Pakistan on July 19.

The following is the full text of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's talk:

"As you all know, Begum Liaquat and I have just returned from our tour of America and Canada. On our return we received telegrams, letters and message from our friends and well-wishes in Pakistan and other countries expressing satisfaction and happiness on our safe return home and extolling our achievements in America. I regret we were unable to acknowledge these expressions of goodwill individually. On behalf of Begum Liaquat Ali Khan and myself I wish to thank them all.

"We have been greatly touched by the sincere expression of goodwill contained in these messages. We believe in serving Pakistan and our highest ambition is that God may grant us strength and opportunity to serve our people and our dear land, Pakistan, to our last breath.

"I am grateful to President Truman for having extended to us an invitation to visit America. This visit not only enabled me to see the American people and their wonderful country but also gave me an occasion to inform the inhabitants of that country about the birth of Pakistan, its short but eventful history and the Islamic way of life adopted as an ideal by the people of this country.

Liaquat Ali.

"It is not a matter for surprise if most of the people in the world of today do not know of Pakistan and its affairs, because it is hardly three years since it sprang into existence.

"It is, however, a matter for satisfaction that such people as have had the occasion to learn about Pakistan have found themselves unable to restrain their expression of pleasant surprise and have paid generous tribute to the sacrifice, determination and courage of the people of Pakistan. I can say without fear of contradiction that our people richly deserve this tribute.

"We arrived in Washington on May 3, and after a short stay of three days there we started on a tour which included the cities of New York, Chicago, Kansas, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Houston, New Orleans, Schenectady.

"On May 23 we arrived in Boston, where the tour programme concluded on May 26. We visited at least one major city in almost every part of the United States. The U.S.A. is a vast country, and it is only after travelling through this land that one realises how much the culture of the eastern states differs from that of the western states, and how much the culture of the southern states is different from that of the western and eastern states. The differences are not fundamental; nevertheless they are quite important. America has drawn upon almost all European countries for its population and all of them have made a distinct contribution in evolving the American culture. This intermingling has imparted a freshness to the life of the American people and a newcomer to the United States finds this aspect of their life highly interesting.

"We had the opportunity of meeting all classes of people and of visiting so many different institutions, including such institutions as are interested only in international affairs and those concerned mainly with industry and commerce. We want to see different colleges, factories and workshops as well as public welfare centres. Besides these, we also inspected hospitals and special organisations of women and children.

"In the western states, we saw agricultural laboratories where farming is done by the most modern mechanical methods. There is hardly any side of life in America which escaped our study. We examined everything with a view to studying the extent to which it could be transferred to Pakistan. Not for a moment did we lose sight of the interest and progress of Pakistan. This tour proved not only interesting but highly instructive. All that we have learnt in these countries will prove helpful to us in the service of Pakistan.

HOSPITALITY

"Wherever we went we were received with warmth and generous hospitality. In fact, the people of America and Canada left nothing to be desired in the matter of hospitality and they proved themselves excellent hosts.

"Whenever and wherever we met the people of America and Canada, we talked to them of Pakistan and of the sentiments which urged 100 million Muslims to stake their all to achieve Pakistan. These 100 million Muslims constituting a part of the population of pre-partitioned British India wanted to mould their lives according to their faith and their traditions. Nearly 50 to 60 years of political struggle led these Muslims to the inevitable conclusion that in a United India it was no longer possible for them to mould their lives according to the Islamic tenets or to stand on their own legs economically. They decided, therefore, to carve out for themselves separate State where they would be able to lead a life of complete independence.

"At this juncture, the Muslims found a great leader who turned their dreams into a reality, I mean, our great Quaid-i-Azam, who inspired unity of thought and unity of action in Muslims, and who in the face of extreme opposition from the enemies of our freedom who resented the establishment of Pakistan, gave form and shape to the ideal of Pakistan. We also recounted the troubles and tribulations through which our people had to pass after Pakistan came into being —so much so that even our friends began to have misgivings about the possibility of the survival of Pakistan. I told them that our enemies firmly believed at the time that Pakistan would not live beyond three or four months but that through the perseverance, sacrifice and ceaseless efforts of our people we were not only able to stabilise Pakistan but to develop it from strength to strength.

"Our enemies in America had given currency to all sorts of wrong impressions regarding Pakistan. They had particularly presented in an ugly and ridiculous form the idea of the Islamic State and the Islamic way of living. The people of America had been led to believe that we are a reactionary people wanting to bring into a being a social structure where narrow-mindedness, hard-heartedness and persecution would hold sway, where social and cultural decadence would rule the minds of the people, where education would be restricted to a superficial study of a few religious books and where civilisation would gradually die out.

SURPRISE

"When the fundamental principles of Islam were explained to the people of America, they experienced a pleasant surprise. We explained to them our belief that Islam represented the highest stage of human evolution and the basic principles of our religion were alone able to give an immortal system to the world. Islam is a religion which inculcates the spirit of equality, fraternity and democracy and teaches us that material progress divested of spiritual development, is like a structure which, outwardly grand and impressive, stands on frail foundations and cannot stand the slightest shock.

"It has been repeatedly impressed by the Prophaet of God peace be on him) upon his followers that God loves the diligent, and that the idle and the indolent are sinners. It has also been enjoined that every man should be allowed to get the fruit of his legitimate labour. No other religion considers the acquisition of knowledge as necessary as Islam.

"We have made it clear that minorities in Pakistan have the same rights as the Muslims in this country. The Government of Pakistan is not only anxious to safeguard the rights and privileges of minorities, but it also anxious to extend a very generous treatment to them. "Before I undertook the journey to America, I entered into an agreement with the Prime Minister of Bharat in which special emphasis has been laid on safeguarding the rights of minorities. The Government of Pakistan has been doing all it can to implement the clauses of this Agreement and will continue to do so. If it is possible to lay down better principles than those of Islam for laying the foundations of a solid world democracy, we invite our opponents to come out with those principles.

"The people of the present day world are torn between different mental attitudes and misunderstandings; and do not know what course they should choose for themselves. We believe tat the right course was set for us over 1300 years ago.

"Another erroneous impression given to the American people was that our women are backward and that they have no rights and privileges and no role to play in our daily social life in which they have no voice. We told them that the facts were contrary to the impressions gainedby them. Islam wa sthe first religion to recognise certain rights and privileges for women, and today the women of Pakistan enjoy the same status and rights as those enjoyed by their sisters in any other country of the world. Not only that, the part which our women played and the services which they rendered in the achievement of Pakistan are by no means less than those rendered by men.

"The Muhajreen will ever cherish a grateful memory of thanks for the sincere and painstaking services rendered by our women for their welfare. There is no aspect of our life in Pakistan in which our women are not doing their share of work. They have not only the right of adult franchise but they have also been elected on the provincial and Central Legislative Assemblies and are performing their duties very efficiently. These facts gave a pleasant surprise to the people of America and Canada.

PROJECTS

"We aprised the people of America how and what projects had been planned for the development of Pakistan and how far these projects have been implemented. Those anxious to establish trade relations with Pakistan wer deeply impressed by the schemes relating to our industrial progress. We had detailed discussions with prominent industrialists and business magnates severally in diceren parts of America and Canada regarding the industrial and agricultural development of Pakistan. Their advice was very profitable. Equally encouraging wa stheir desire to assist us in magnates severally in different parts our efforts to promote the industrial and commercial development of our country, which, I am confident, will in the long run brighten our prospects.

"Lastly we laid emphasis on all that Pakistan could do to stablizes peaceful conditions in Asia and explained to them the geographical importance of Pakistan. We told them that in every respect Pakistan was the most stable country in Asia today. The people in America were also highly impressed by the fact that for the last three years, i.e. ever since its creation, Pakistan has presented a balanced budget and has been maintaining a favourable trade balance with other countries. This factor alone speaks volumes about Pakistan's financial stability.

"All those whom we meet were not only interested in listening to our accounts of Pakistan but were keen to learn all possible things about our country. They were highly impressed by the determination and sense of sacrifice of our people. Many persons told me that the resettlement of seven million refugees was itself a huge task the accomplishment of which was nothing short of a miracle.

"In Canada too the people talked of Pakistan affectionately, especially because Canada and Pakistan are both membes of the Commonwealth of Nations.

INTEREST

"I delivered a speech in the combined session of the House of Commons and the Senate there which was received with great attention and interest. When I met Mr. Mackenzie King, who has been the Prime Minister of Canada for a long time, he embraced me and with tears in his eyes told me that for the last 30 years he had not seen so much enthusiasm and interest as had been shown on the occasion of my speech in the Parliament of Canada.

"I pully appreciate that we were warmly received in these countries only because we represented the people of Pakistan. During the last three years our people have established a glorious and memorable record of their achievement in such a way as to excite the admiration of the whole world.

"I am sure as a result of our visit the relations between Pakistan and the countries we visited have become closer and friendly and this will be useful for all. This tour has not only brought the people of Canada and the U.S.A. closer to Pakistan but other countries have also begun to take more interest in our country. The eyes of the people of the world are now focussed on Pakistan and they are waiting to see how far we succeeded in translating our ideology into action. The responsibility of every one amongst us has thus become greater.

"During this tour we got the opportunity to discuss the problems facing Pakistan and also the question of her integrity and safety with the statesmen and politicians of the United Kingdom, USA and Canada. We also had some talks about obtaining such material which may be needed for strengthening and stabilizing Pakistan. I have no time to go into details, but it would be sufficient to say that discussion on this subject evoked deep interest and sympathy and I am fully satisfied with the success achieved as a result of these talks.

"This tour was interesting as well as instructive and useful. The secret underlying the present greatness of America is her industrial development. The same holds true for Canada, which in a space of a few years will rank among the richest countries of the world. God has given plenty of resources to these two countries, but for reaping the full advantage from them hard work and scientific knowledge are essential. It is surprising to see how the people in these countries work hard and apply themselves to acquisition of knowledge. Their love for their country is unique. The love for their land and hard work by the people has made America today one of the most magnificient, powerful and rich countries of the world.

HARD WORK AND UNITY

"Pakistan too has been endowed with all kinds of resources and it should, therefore, be our objective to bring our land to the level of these countries. We should not content ourselves with towing the line with second rate countries. The people of Pakistan have been gifted with all essential qualities. The need of the hour is that all of us should work day and night to gain our objective as early as possible. For the attainment of our goal hard work and unity are equally essential. The secret of our past achievements was in our having acted unitedly, and there is no reason why we should not continue to work with the same unity of purpose for our future.

"Unity is a great boon which has taken the nations to the zenith of their glory and has contributed towards real happiness and contentment. Discord has brought ruin to many a mighty and civilised nation. Complete unity of purpose was the dominant factor which in a space of a few years enabled us to achieve Pakistan, and this spirit of unity gave us power and strength to surmount the difficulties which came in our way. Our success in future will be conditioned by the measure of unity among us. Do not forget that there are certain mischievous elements among us who for selfish motives endeavour to create a rift in our ranks. They are the enemies of their country. I am sure they will not succeed in misleading the people of Pakistan.

WANTED PEACE

"Pakistan has been created for the good of the masses and if the lot of the common man does not improve, then the attainment of Pakistan, I think, will have been in vain. To develop Pakistan and make it prosperous, one necessary condition is that there should be peace in the world. We, therefore, desire peace to prevail everywhere. It is not our desire to pick up quarrels with any country, and in case differences do arise, it will be our constant endeavour to remove them by peaceful means.

"In these circumstances the outbreak of hostilities in Korea has deeply grieved us. No one can deny that North Korea has been deliberately guilty of armed aggression against South Korea. No fair-minded person can but sympathise with South Korea. Events have now taken a critical turn and nobody can say when and where the repercussions of these hostilities will be felt. It is a very sad situation that at a time when peace is most needed in Asia, the chances of preserving it are greatly jeopardised. It is known to everybody that the world will probably not survive the Third World War. It is, therefore, the duty of every peace loving person that he should exert his all to put down the flames of the Korean war as quickly as possible.

U. N. RESOLUTION ON KOREA

"As a member of the United Nations, Pakistan has supported the resolution of the Security Council on Korea. It will be proper to explain why we adopted this course. The object of establishing a United Nations Organisation was to solve by peaceful means all those conflicts which arise between various countries from time to time so that the world is rid for ever of the curse of war. This is only possible when every member lends its unflinching support to the decisions of this organisation and endeavours to see that the organisation of the United Nations in reality becomes a body whose decision would be acceptable without any hesitation to every country. If, however in the event of one country invading another, we decide not to uphold the decision of the Security Council or the United Nations, then the existence of such an organisation amongst us would have no meaning and all the time and labour spent on such an organisation would have been wasted.

"Pakistan has lent its support to the decision of the Security Council purely in the interest of maintaining peace and no other decision was possible for Pakistan.

"Before leaving for Pakistan, we had to get admission in a hospital for treatment and had to stay there for three weeks. During all this time we were very anxious to return home as early as possible, in order to resume our duties of service to our country. I pray to God that all my efforts to serve Pakistan and its people may bear fruit and he may bestow prosperity, peace and unity on our homeland.

FUTURE

"I am confident that Pakistan has a glorious future and our people possess the essential ability to work for its advancement. As I have already said, ceaseless work is necessary for the achievement of our goal.

"In the end, on behalf of the people and the Government of Pakistan, I offer my heartfelt thanks to the Governments and peoples of America and Canada for the very warm reception which was accorded to us. I assure them that we cherish sincere feelings of friendship for them all, and we pray to Almighty God for their prosperity and happiness as well as for the maintenance of peace in the world.

"Let us all pray to Almighty God that He may grant us strength to do our duty faithfully. Let us pray that God may grant us strength to work for the prosperity and safety of Pakistan.

"Let us pray that our efforts may bear fruit and we may be able to present to the world a pattern of life which is based on true principles of Islam and which is worth emulating. "Pakistan Zindabad".

BIG GOLD HAUL AT KARACHI

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Mail): Karachi Airport Customs authorities seized gold worth Rs. 1,40,000 which was being smuggled to India by a passenger Abdus Sattar bound for Dacca by the Oriental Airways plane.

Working on an information that Mr. Sattar was carrying gold concealed in his baggage to be sumggled at the Delhi airport, Customs Preventive Officers searched his belongings and succeeded in recovering about thirtysix and half pounds of bold bars.

The gold was seized and Sattar was taken into custody.

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Bijoe Ashad Shud 9 2006
Muslim Savval 8 1369
Parsi: Behman 25 1319
Sunrise 7-17 a.m.
Sunset 6-22 p.m.
Hightide 07-46, 18-48
Lowtide 0038 13-28
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3-30 p.m.

Today's Engagements

THE HIKERS CLUB: Public meeting to form a new Himalayan Expedition at the B.E.S.T. Hall, Colaba, Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, presiding, 6 p.m. Colour films of previous expeditions will be exhibited.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION: Reception to Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and Directors of the East India Cotton Association, at the Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi, Home Minister Mr. Morarji Desai, presiding, 5-45 p.m.

MAHARASHTRA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE: Reception to Sardar Mohan Singh, Managing Director, Bank of Patiala, at the Taj Mahal Hotel 5-15 p.m.

SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN TELEPHONES

To Be Achieved In Two Years

BOMBAY, Sunday: India is expected to be self-sufficient in the manufacture of telephones within three to four years time, said Shri Krishna Prasad, Director General of Posts and Telegraphs, Government of India, in an interview to the United Press of India today.

He added that at present, actual manufacture of any parts of telephones except the telephone sets was not done in India. Parts which were imported from foreign countries were assembled at the Indian Telephone Industries, Ltd. at Bangalore.

The "own your own phone" scheme introduced by the Government in the principal cities in India had received very good response and was 'very successful', Shri Krishna Prasad said. Rs. 1,60,00.000 had so far been collected under the scheme which would be spent by the Government of India for the import of more telephone equipments through the Indian telephone industries of Bangalore.

The Director General also said that 75 per cent, of who had contributed to the "own your own phone" scheme would receive automatic sets throughout India in about six months time.

With regard to the manufacture of teleprinters in India Shri Krishna Prasad said that Government intended to manufacture teleprinters which were a "very complicated machinery" but 'no beginning has been made as yet".

ABNORMAL RISE IN RIVER GANDAK

PATNA, July 23 (UPI): Owing to abnormal rise in the rived Gandak, the Nani Bundh, in the district of Saran, is in danger, according to a report received here.

Police arrangements have been made to protect the Bundh while the engineering staff is patrolling the threatened area

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RELEASING From FRIDAY, The 28th

SWASTIK CAPITOL
JAI HIND, RIVOLI, ALWIN
BANDRA Talkies (Kalyan)

ALLOT PLOT OF LAND TO THE DISHOUSED

Asoka Mehta Pleads The Case Of Squatters

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A suggestion that Government should allot the dishoused persons a plot of land where they can, through co-operative efforts, construct their dwellings, may be rammed earth, has been made by Mr. Asoka Mehta, Socialist leader in the course of a statemet in connection with the occupation of Gwalior Palace at Will Sea Face yesterday by tenants whose hutments at Mahim Causeway were demolished by Government.

Mr. Mehta says that a wise Government should direct the energies of the people in constructive channels.

The following is the full text of his statement.

"The destruction of ramshackle huts at the Mahim Causeway at the direction of the Government of Bombay has robed scores of afamilies of shelter. In the monsoon the wanton destruction of huts merely adds to the misery of the people.

"The squatters approaced the highest authorities with the request to permit them to stay on for some months more, but the request was brushed aside. Their appeal for allotting them some vacant building was likewise ignored. The squatters were justified under these circumstances in occupying the Gwalior Palace. They have been forcibly ejected from there. May I appeal to the Maharaja of Gwalior to let some people find shelter in his vacant quarters?

"There is nothing unusual in people's demand for rationing of space. In Finland it has been done.

"If the Government will neither agree to rationing of space nor permit unauthorised structures to remain, the tussle between them and the dishoused squarters will continue. It would be wiser to allot the dishoused persons a plot of land where they can through co-operative effort, construct their dwellings, may be of rammed earth. A wise Government should direct the energies of the people in constructive channels.

HEAVY RAINFALL IN MALABAR

All-India Weather

POONA, July 23. (PTI): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday.

Well-distributed light to moderate rain has occurred over the country outside Chota Nagpur, Tamilnad, Saurashtra and Kutch. A few heavy falls have been reported from the South Konkan and Malabar.

Forecast valid until monday evening: Rainfall will be more in Gangetic West Bengal, North Orissa Chota Nagpur, Vindhya Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, West Uttar Pradesh, hills of Punjab (Ind) and along the West Coast. There will be local rain in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, South Orissa, East Rajasthan, Madhya Bharat, Gujarat, Deccan (Desh), Hyderabad and Mysore. Scattered showers are likely elsewhere over the country.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:- Locally heavy rain may occur in and near Malabar, South Kanara, in the South Konkan and North Madhya Pradesh during the next 48 hours.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from June 1, 1950, and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on Sunday:

Abu 71 67 0.3 22.7 plus 1.4 Ahmedabad 88 78 0.2 16.4 plus 3.2 Ahmednagar 84 79 0 2.9 minus 5.2 Allahabad 92 81 0.6 10.5 minus 3.6 Ambala 89 78 0 6.5 minus 2.4 Aurangabad 81 72 0 7.4 minus 2.9 Bangalore 74 66 0.1 2.2 minus 3.5 Baroda 89 77 1.2 28.3 plus 12.4 Belgaum 75 66 1.6 23.8 plus 2.9 Banaras 93 81 0 19.7 plus 6.7 Bhavnagar 89 77, T 14.2 plus 5.6 Bhopal 83 75 0.1 9.8 minus 11.3 Bhuj 88 78 0 6.9 plus 0.8 BOMBAY 85 78 0.1 30.9 minus 8.4 Calcutta 93 79 0.2 23.1 plus 1.8 Cochin 80 73 3.4 50.1 plus 3.8 Coimbatore 76 70 0.2 2.1 minus 0.6 Cuttack 94 78 T 11.1 minus 8.7 Darjiling 66 58 3.8 84.5 plus 36.3 Dehra Dun 86 73 0.1 25.2 minus 2.1 Delhi 88 77 0.7 17.6 plus 8.9 Gwalior 91 Hyderabad (Dn) - 72 0.3 9.0 plus 0.1 Indore 86 73 0 6.8 minus 7.4 Jaipur 83 77 0.3 9.8 plus 1.8 Jubbulpore 83 77 0.1 16.7 minus 4.5 Kanpur 92 80 0.3 8.0 minus 3.3 Kolhapur 77 70 0.5 14.8 - Lucknow 93 81 0 7.6 minus 5.8 Ludhiana 93 81 0 3.9 minus 4.4 Lyallpur nil Madras 92 79 0 3.7 minus 0.8 Mahabaleshwar 66 63 5.1 98.2 minus 16.1 Mangalore 82 74 0.7 87.1 plus 19.7 Mussoorie 68 60 0. 30.0 plus 2.5 Mysore 75 67 0.4 3.1 minus 1.3 Nagpur 87 74 0.7 13.9 minus 6.1 Ootacamund 56 52 0.9 6.6 minus 6.1 Pachmarhi 74 67 4.1 34.6 plus 6.5 Palghat 76 71 2.2 34.5 - Patiala 89 79 0 5.3 - Patna 92 83 0 17.3 plus 1.8 Poona 82 72 0.2 8.7 minus 0.6 Rajkot 87 77 0.2 23.6 plus 11.7 Ranchi 85 75 0 28.8 plus 8.6 Shillong 77 65 0.3 41.5 plus 12.5 Sholapur 90 72 0.1 5.4 minus 2.3 Simla 68 60 1.1 29.9 plus 12.6 Surat 87 79 T 17.6 minus 4.1 Tricinopoly 93 78 0 1.1 minus 1.5 Trivandrum 84 71 0.4 11.7 minus 8.5 Vizagapatam 88 79 0 11.5 plus 4-1.

AHMEDABAD'S BIT FOR SAURASHTRA

AHMEDABAD, July 23, (PTI): In response to the appeal made by the Saurashtra Government the Ahmedabad Millowner's Association has decided to despatch 40 bales of cloth worth about Rs 50,000 for free distribution in the flood affected areas of Saurashtra.

The association, it is understood will despatch more bales if required by the Saurashtra Government.

Foreign Sugar Before Diwali, Assures Munshi

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Shri K. M. Munshi, India's Food and Agriculture Minister today told a deputation of sugar merchants that the sugar, which was being imported by the Government of India from abroad, could be more cheaply and quickly imported on a government level than through private sources.

Shri Munshi reiterated his previous assurance that sugar would be imported within about month's time, and would be more freely available long before the diwali celebrations.

Government was doing everything possible to meet the sugar shortage in the counntry, he added.

SABHA LEADER IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 23 (PTI): Mr. Ashutosh Laniry, Chairman of the Central Parliamentary Board of the All India Hindu Mahasabha who was recently released from Almora jail, arrived here from Lucknow this morning. He was given a reception at the station by his admirers.

Philatelic Body Meets

RECOMMENDATIONS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Philatelic Advisory Committee, appointed by the President of India, to advise the Government of India on all matters affecting the issue of postage stamps, met for the first time in Bombay today under the chairmanship of Shri Krishna Prasad, Director General of Posts and Telegraphs, Government of India.

The Committee unanimously recommended that the Government of India should take a decision about the first series of stamps, which should be printed by the photo-gravure process in the securiy press in Nasik, which is expected to start in about one years' time.

It was held that artists should be requested to submit designs and in case there was no sufficient response, competition should be held for selecting the design. The Committee also considered a number of themes which could form the subject of the new stamps.

The Committee also decided to suggest to the Government of India to issue new stamps on the occasion of the first Asian Olympic Games and also in the year 1954 to mark the centenary of the issue if the first Indian stamps.

The Committee was also of the opinion that collection of stamps in the Post and Telegraph Department should be properly catalogues and arranged in display cabinets and albums.

Notorious Dacoit Shot Dead

GWALIOR, July 23, (UPI): A notorious dacoit Shama Mallah, leader of the Charns' Mallah gang was shot dead by the Madhya Bharat police of Morena district, in an encounter on the night of July 16.

One rifle with ammunition was recovered from him.

TWIN-ENGINED PLANES MORE ECONOMICAL

Night Air Mail Service Will Be Extended, Says Kidwai

MADRAS, July 23, (PTI).

MR. RAFI AHMED KIDWAI, India's Communication Minister told newsmen here today that he personally felt that by using twin-engined aircraft carrying about 40 passengers, the air services in India would be able to reduce the fare without increasing the cost of operation.

The Civil Aviation Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of India, he said, would consider this and other questions at its meeting on August 15.

Mr. Kidwai stated that the night air mail service which was becoming "more popular and working quite satisfactorily" would be extended to other cities at an early date. The extension of this service between Calcutta and Delhi and another between Nagpur-Allahabad-Lucknow and Delhi were now under consideration of the Government. These new services were likely to be started after the present monsoon.

The Deccan Airways, he said, had applied to the Government for a reduction in their present fares between Delhi and Madras in their day service.

ON POSTAL HOLIDAY

The Communication Minister said the Sunday holiday system introduced in the postal service was working satisfactorily. Working on all the seven days a week, he said, might be possible in big cities but not in village post offices which were mainly one-man offices. Eighty per cent of the country post-offices were one-man offices, he added.

"When in highly industrialised countries like United Kingdom and the United States, post offices work only six days a week, I cannot understand why we should work our offices for seven days", he asked.

Questioned if the present rate of telephone calls would be reduced, he said there might be a reduction next year and added: "But I cannot say, it all depends on the financial position."

DEPUTATION

Earlier, the Communication Minister, received deputations from the Non-Gazetted Officers Association of the Madras Meteorological Department, Madras branches of the All India Postmen and Lower-grade Staff Union and the P. and T. Administrative Officers Association.

The deputations, presented memoranda to the Minister, which inter alia, pleaded for betterment of their service conditions, removal of existing anomalies in their pay under the Central Pay Commission Award and also for increased dearness allowance.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai arrived in the city today from Bangalore. He paid surprise visits to the Madras Telephone Exchange and the Central Telegraph Office. He visited alone.

He enquired into the detailsof the working of the various stations at these offices.

The heads of departments were surprised to be told by their staff of Mr. Kidwai's visit to their offices.

Mr. Kidwai's visit to their offices, graph and telephone services were working efficiently.

"OUR LADY" IN NEW DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 23 (PTI): The statue of "Our Lady of Fatima" arrived here by Air India from Bombay at 5-30 this morning.

The Statue was carried to the Roman Catholic Cathedral in New Delhi.

Black Insects Threat In Hyderabad

SECUNDERABAD, July 23 (UPI).— Aphids, small black insects, who suck the juice of leaves, tender growing parts of flowers, have made their appearance in some parts of Hyderabad State. It has been noticed that the groundnut crop is being attacked by these insects. If it is not controlled immediately, it multiplies and spreads, and the loss due to it would be considerable.

Import Of Sunflower Seed Restricted

SECUNDERABAD, July 23 (UPI).— The Government of Hyderabad have restricted the import of sunflower seed into the state from Argentine and Peru by means of letter or ample post or a passenger's accompanied baggage or by any other means.

A press note issued today explained that a virulent disease of sunflower has been found in Argentine and another new virus disease recorded from Peru. The disease is transmissible by seed.

TODAY'S RADIO

MONDAY, July 24

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Mangal prabhat, 7-45 Hindi lessons in Guj., 8-15 M D Sadolikar, kh. desi 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari 12-50 K Patanwala, G ghazal, 1-40 Dancing time, 4-20 School broadcast 5-0 M G Gokhale, kh. bhimpalas, 5-30 A Mehta and P Shah, bansari, 5-45 K Patanwala, G bhajan, 6-10 V N Patwardhan, music lessons, 6-30 V S Kamat, vocal, 6-50 B Manjrekar, kh. gauri, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Patanwala, G bhajan, 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 G talk, 8-45 Month's song, G, 9-15 India and world, 9-54 Prof. R Choksey, books review, 10-0 J S Bach.

VARIATIONS

7-40 a.m. Today's prog., 8-0 A Mehta and P Shah, bansari, 8-45 Kusum Bhave M songs, 1-0 p.m. Kusum Bhave, bhavgeet, 1-10 Rag dari, 1-50 Women's prog. H U, 5-30 Sadolikar, M songs, 5-45 Air artist, baswewar, 6-0 Kusum Bhave, M songs, 6-20 Villagers' prog., in Mar., and 6-50 in Kannada, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Hindi by radio, M, 8-30 Economic review, M, 8-45 M D Sadolikar, M songs, 9-0 A Mehta and P Shah, bansari, 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 Ponnuswami, gottuvadayam, 10-0 A Barwe's roopak, "duheri phasawnuk" 10-15 M G Gokhale, kh. g. mahar.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Swar vilas, 7-45 Progs. for today, tomorrow, 7-50 N L Harijan, bhajan, 8-15 G G Gaekwad, shahnai, 8-30 A Mody, geets, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 6-10 G G Gaekwad, shahnai, 6-20 A H Khan, thumri 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 Virahnun dukh, 7-15 News review, G, 7-30 G G Gaekwad, shahnai, 7-45 A H Khan, 8-0 N L Harijan, bhajans, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Geet vihar, 9-30 As in Ahmedabad, 9-45 Radio Orch., malhar malika.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Prabhat 7-40 Geet Gurjari, 8-15 As in Baroda, 8-30 C Muzumdar, rag bhimpalasi, 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 For women, 7-0 Manjarika Dhru's party, geets, 7-15 K B Kothari, current events review, G, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals 8-5 Hamara desh, 8-30 V R Athavale, apasichit rag, 8-45 M Dhru's party, garbo, 9-30 Folk songs, 9-45 As in Baroda.

B B C.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE

7-45 a.m. Anything to declare- 8-10 English eloquence, 8-30 Music in miniature, 9-0 From third prog., 10-10 R Crean's Orch., 10-30 Variety, 11-45 J Train's variety bill, 1-0 p.m. 'The storyteller' 1-15 Br. orch, music, 1-30 From promenade concerts, 2-30 'Pride and prejudice', 3-0 Music for dancing, 4-0 Listeners' choice, 4-45 E C Bentley, 'Trent's last case', 5-45 Test comm., 6-0 E Ros, and his rumba band, 6-45 Eileen Ralf (piano) 7-45 Variety, 8-45 BBC M L Orch., 8-45 Test comm., 9-45 'Tiptop tunes', 10-15 Test comm.

FAR EASTERN SERVICE

5-30 p.m. English 1/2 hour, 5-40 London opinion, 7-0 Prog. in Kuoyu.

5 REFUGEES DIE AT SEALDAH STATION

CALCUTTA, July 22, (UPI): Five more refugees, including four children, and a 90-year old man, died yesterday at Sealdah station. Eleven others, suffering from diseases including two Cholera cases, were removed to hospitals from the station yesterday, besides 854 patients, who were treated by the different medical units at the station.

The total number of refugees at the station yesterday was 12,695. Out of them 1,000 were removed to Cossipore Camp.

NEW CABINET FOR MADHYA BHARAT

GWALIOR, July 23, (PTI): Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, Chief Minister of Madhya Bharat, said here yesterday that the Madhya Bharat Cabinet would be reshuffled shortly.

"My colleagues from Indore have refused to enter the reconstituted Cabinet on the capital issue", he added.

INDIA WILL MAINTAIN HER TRADITIONAL CATHOLICISM

Munshi Reiterates Stand On Secularism At Id Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE Republic of India wanted to maintain her past traditions which had been "very catholic" as "in this country followers of many religions found a home when they were persecuted in their land", said Shri K. M. Munshi, India's Food and Agriculture Minister here today.

Shri Munhsi who was speaking at a function on the occasion of the Id celebrations of the Dawoodi Bohra Community in Bombay today, reiterated India's stand of secularism and said, "we are doing our utmost to see that every religion is treated equally by the State and is allowed to pursue the tenets of its faith fearlessly."

Elucidating India's secularism, Shri Munshi said, "A secular state is not a Godless state. It is not an anti-religious state. It is a political structure which looks with equal favour upon all religious persuits and in which every citizen, no matter what his religion, is treated equally before law."

In this connection Shri Munshi further said that India had passed through very difficult days on account of religion having been brought into politics, but the country had tided over the difficulties.

Shri Munshi further expresed the opinion that, fight between different faiths was a suicidal policy because God was one whom people sought in different ways. He appealed for unity among followers of different faiths and in this connection mentioned that "the great struggle that is going on in the world is between all those who believe in God and the Godless servitors of a soulless materialism."

Concluding he said, "Life and its nobility arises from man's relation with God. In that respect we are all one and nothing is more poisonous in this world than to exploit God for any selfish interest, political, economic or social."

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Total Working Funds	,,	9,02,46,000
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Pravinchandra V. Gandhi
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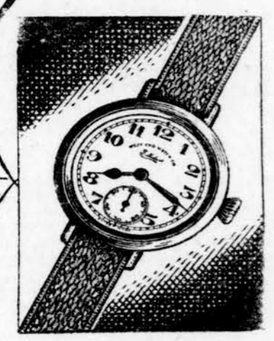

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The Bombay Chronicle

KOREAN COMPLICATIONS

While hopes of a settlement of the Korean war by negotiation are being abandoned, no more U. N. members are coming forward to give military aid to South Korea. None of the nine countries, which have so far replied to the appeal of the U. N. Secretary-General Mr. Trygve Lie, has offered military aid for Korea. And if the conflagration spreads to Formosa, as there is every likelihood that it will do, even Britain will find herself in an awkward position. If the Chinese Communists attempt to invade the Nationalist stronghold of Formosa, it is said that, as Britain has recognised the Communist regime it is hardly likely that her naval units, serving with the U. S. Seventh Fleet will go to the aid of the Chinese Nationalists. But she will not find it possible to leave the United States alone and entangled in a major war with Communist China. President Truman is mobilising his country's resources in men and material on a war-footing, with the approval of Britain's Prime Minister Clement Attlee. But with the latter's hands tied in a costly anti-Communist campaign in Malaya, it is hardly likely that Britain can send active help to General MacArthur. The Korean campaign is becoming involved. A peaceful and peace-loving nation cannot be geared to wartime requirements at short notice. The U. S. Generals have to fight on a dificult terrain. Their estimate about the strength of the North Korean army has been woefully wrong and they have been sadly disappointed in the South Korean forces. The Korean war has caught them napping at a time when old fighting weapons were being cast aside and the efficiency of new ones was still to be established. The tank has proved to be far from obsolete. Jet fighters and bombers, according to reports, have been found too fast and unmanageable for accurate bombing, close skirmishes or giving cover to troops. Carrier-borne aircraft would have been of great help but their number is less than the situtation requires. It takes enormous shipping tonnage to move even one armed battalion across the Pacific to the war theatre and it will be some time before a steady stream of men and war materials starts moving to General MacArthur's war base. With the meagre sea, air and land forces reserve at his disposal, he will have quite a job for long time to hold the invaders. In the meanwhile, Russia is watching the situation keenly with plans to engage the United States in other theatres like Formosa, Indo-China, Yugoslavia and Greece. All this indicates that the conflict is likely to be long and not by any means confined to Korea alone.

Unesco's Aid

An outspoken and forceful statement was made by Mr. Ramaswamy Mudaliar during the debate on full employment in the United Nations Economic and Social Council at Geneva. It should open the eyes of all in the undeveloped countries who had expected a brighter future for themselves through outside aid. Assessment of unemployment, said India's delegate, as a condition precedent to applying for aid was unpracticable, in the case of countries whose populations were counted in hundreds of millions. Equally impracticable was the estimation of the employment target. Insistance by the Council upon fulfilment of such conditions is intriguing if there was, on its part a genuine desire to help backward areas. The primary need of undeveloped countries was financial aid which could be offered to them only in the form of loans or investments. Such countries deserve to be approached in the spirit of friendship. It would be unbecoming for an international organisation to make them appear before itself as supplecant ready with facts and figures to prove their bona fides. From Mr. Ramaswamy's poignant remark, we conclude that the conditions for extending aid have not been applied impartially. Deserving undeveloped countries have been left out in the cold, while financial aid was granted to the countries which could look after for themselves. The U. N. Economic and Social Council ought to explain the glaring anomaly in distribution of financial aid to which India's delegate has drawn its pointed attention.

Stressing The Obvious

The bio-ethnological report issued by the UNESCO should be taken as an authoritative statement on scientific examination of the vexatious question of racilism. Drawn up by eminent scientists representing nine countries including the United States and Britain, it declares in unequivocal terms that none of the races of mankind is mentally superior to the others if it is given equality of opportunity in life. It attributes the differences, which are evident today, to environmental influences and to inequality in opportunities for development. The myth of race, the document strongly asserts, has created an enormous amount of human and social damage and it still precludes normal development of millions and deprives civilisation of the effective cooperation of productive minds. The abnoxious doctrine of racialism based upon this myth has led to dissipation, on an inestimable scale, of the world's potential intellectual strength. It is now laughable to read that the signatories to the UNESCO's report have suggested that the much abused term "race" should be dropped altogether and that "ethnic groups" should be used instead. It is humiliating that in the 20th Century it should be found necessary for eminent scientists to waste their time in stressing the obvious: But the responsibility for this lies solely on the folly of the White racists who have obtusely persisted in pushing forward with policies based on the race myth. The "scientific approach" made to the problem of racialism should deflate certain powers who seek to hold "backward" peoples in subjugation. It destroys the last excuse for perpetuation of the system of colonialism or racial discrimination within the territory of any State. Now remains the important question of reconciling scientific findings to the policies governed by absurd political theories. The labour and money expended over compilation of such a report will be wasted if the latter is left in the archieves of the UNESCO merely to be admired on occasions as proof of UNESCO's wisdom and is not acted upon. The United Nations should make the report a basis of negotiations to expedite the end of racial discrimination in any form. At least, America and Britain, whose scientists were a party to investigation in the race problem, should set an example.

Callous

If he has been reported correctly, he remarks of Mr. Morarji Desai about the destruction of huts ments at Mahim are unfortunate. Mr. Desai seemed to imply that the Government had no responsibility in the matter of housing workers. The Welfare State has come to stay at least in the plans drawn by Governments for their people, and India has accepted the principle. To demolish the poor men's lodgings at a time when the monsoon is at its severest and them ask them to fend for themselves does not show a Government in good light, and it is no wonder that workers in such circumstances should look to parties other than those which manage the affairs of the Government for leadership. It is true that the huts ments are insanitary and are revolting to the aesthetic sense of the fastidious. But they are the only alternatives to exposure to monsoon. The Government might have enquired into the antecedents of these slum-dwellers and found out whether the industrial magnates who employ these unhappy victims could help in housing them in more decent surroundings. The spectacular action of the dispossessed in seeking to capture the Gwalior Palace might underline the obduracy of a leadership which treats those who come to trust them as pawns in a political game, but it cannot be denied that the episode throws into bold relief the anomaly of vast houses remaining vacant amidst general scarcity of living space. Generally speaking, a place which remains vacant for more than six months is requisitioned by the Government but obviously palaces of favoured princes are immune from the operation of a law which is enforced rigorously in cases where the poorer sections of the population are concerned. In passnig, the attitude of the Home and Revenue Minister in calling upon these people to go back to their villages is rank callousness. They had left their villages not to see the sights of the city, nor are they here for a picnic. They were forced to flee from the villages to eke out a living, which they had no chance of getting there.

Thought For The Day

Experience makes us see an enormous difference between piety and goodness. — PASCAL.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

East German Premier Otto Grotewhol yesterday urged former Kehrmacht officers and Nazi Partv members to join a United German Front to oust the occupying powers from Western Germany.

Explaining the opening of the German National Front to former Nazi members and Wehrmacht officers, Herr Grotewohl said: "Not their former membership of any organisation is decisive but their present attitude towards the great fight of the German people for national liberation."

* * *

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Food Minister, Government of India, said in Bombay the other day that a large consignment of sugar was expected to arrive in India sometime next month to ease the sugar position in the country.

And will it?

* * *

The Indian External Affairs Ministry has described as "utterly false and baseless" the American "Newsweek" Magazine's report about a secret Soviet suggestion to make India as the sixth permanent member of the Security Council.

Not "baseless". To say that it is baseless is to ignore the subjective motives of the paper.

* * *

According to Teheran reports, the Government of India has declined the Persian Government's invitation to attend an Economic conference of Muslim countries on the ground that India not being a Muslim country could not attend, a purely Muslim conference.

Which proves that India is communal and therefore not secular.

* * *

According to a Lake Success report the Korean question, the future of Eritrea and the status of Jerusalem are among the main subjects on the agenda of the September session of the U.N. General Assembly.

We are not surprised that South Africa is not among the items. When democracy and the spirit of the U.N. are burning how can time and energy be found for incendiaries like—quite, quite.

* * *

At a "United Europe" rally in London Mr. Winston Churchill declared that "the Europe we are planning must ultimately unite all European peoples including peoples belind the Iron curtain".

For what?

* * *

The U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said at his press conference on Friday that he did not know of any new developments which might offer the hope of a peace settlement in Korea.

Neither do we.

* * *

King Leopold, now back in Brussels has promissed in a broadcast that he will do all in his power to ensure that the present step "marks the beginning of reconciliation."

In the right or Right direction?

THE BRAVE VOICE FROM THE PULPIT

(From Our Correspondent)

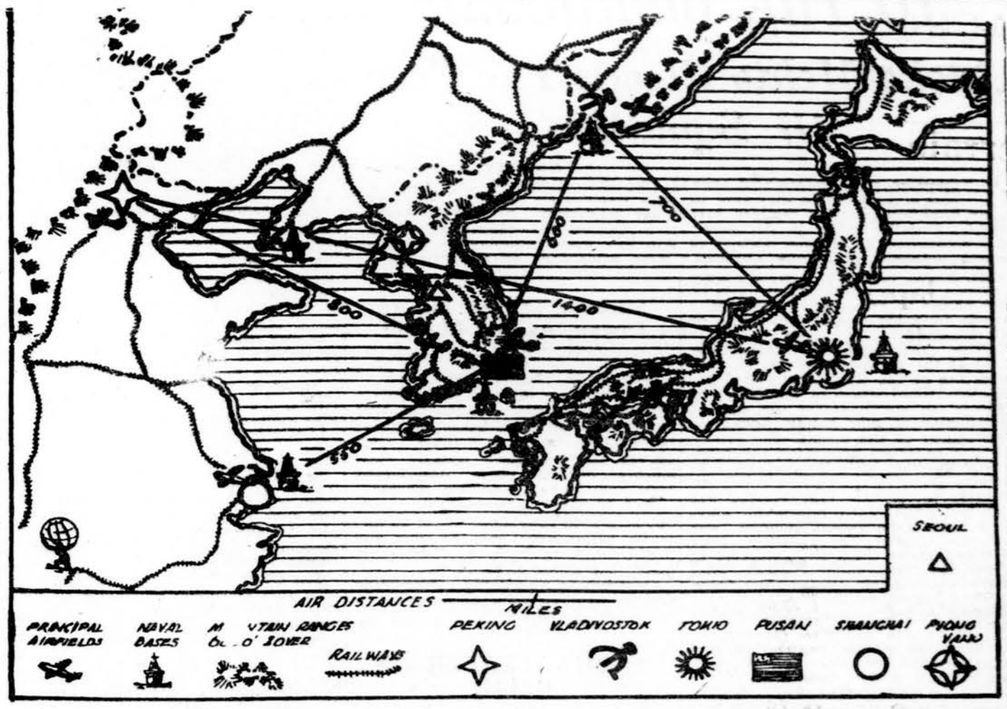
LONDON.

DR. DONALD SOPER, Superintendent of West London Mission, threw a bombshell in the Methodist Conference at Bradford, when he declared "I would rather see a world overrun by Communists than plunged into a third world war".

"The intransigence of the U.S.S.R." he added, "has referred to, but it seems to me that there is just as great intransigence and violent concepts in the heart of the other side which are ethically just as disreputable".

Later a statement was issued by the Conference, dissociating it from Dr. Soper's views.

The Conference, however, passed a resolution urging the Government to abolish the atom and hydrogen bombs.



ECONOMY OF HONG KONG

By J. M. Lobo Prabhu I.C.S.

"IF the British were not in Hong Kong, the Communists would have found it necessary to bring them there. Without an open foreign port, the economy of communist China would collapse". This explanation was given in respect of a 32% increase in the trade of Hong Kong in 1949, in spite of war closing every port in turn in China, followed by thedefeated Nationalists blockade of the ports lost by them.

In fact Hong Kong has become the residuary legatee of the trade of the Chinese mainland in the hands of the communists and of Formosa in the hands of the Nationalists. Hence the paradoxical situation that Hong Kong which is militarily prepared for defence against communist invasion has seen an unprecedented increase in trade and population and is feverishly investing in buildings and houses, as if it will last for ever. In no city in the East are sky scrapers rising so fast, life is so ordered and gay, and trade so full and brisk. The wharfs present ceaseless activity while hotels are booked to capacity for months ahead. Money is abundant and is lavishly spent.

IDEAL PORT

There are many reasons for the prosperity of Hong Kong. In the first place it is an ideal port capable of handling hundreds of ships with 17 A class and 29 B class moorings, with dockyards for repair which docked last year 600 ships of one and half million total tonnage The Kai Tak airport which has the lowest accident rate in the world handled in one month alone 41,000 passengers.

The organisation of the port, of trade and of government combines the efficiency of the British with the dispatch of the Americans. Even with an increase of population from 800,000 before the war to three million now, civic life is orderly to a degree rare in the East. The city is clean, spacious and beautiful as a holiday resort. The island of Hong Kong is five minutes by ferry from the mainland of China of which a small portion, Kawloon and New Territory belong to Hong Kong and contains the railways which connects with Canton in the neighbourhood and Shanghai in the North. The train service with Shanghai, after its occupation by the communists has just been renewed. Otherwise there is shuttle service by steamers daily to Macoa, the Portuguese port which carries the inland trade to South China.

NECESSARY FOR COMMUNISTS

Hong Kong is necessary for Communist China because all its own ports are emptying of traders of other nationalities, under the stress of taxation and dispossession. For the irreducible minimum of foreign trade which China must do, Hong Kong remains the only port. Although the aim is of self-sufficiency, China requires chemicals medicines, machinaries, vegetable oils and must export raw and waste silk, hides tu-ng oil, gallnuts and tin, in order to maintain the economic life without loss of considerable income and employment. With the retreat of the Nationalists to Formosa the blockade will ease from a larger number of ports which enter into business with Hong Kong.

In the third place, the trade of Hong Kong is owing not only to the fact that it is a free port but because it is the only place in the Commonwealth which allows open conversion of sterling into dollar. With Japan this conversion will now be at par in respect of all trade without reference to quotas.

In respect of other dollar areas, the conversion is at a commission less than 10%, which the trade can well afford in respect of a large number of items from USA which are in demand throughout the East. Hong Kong has therefore become the entreport for the Asian trade with Japan and USA. It also serves the not strictly legal role of banker for conversion of sterling into dollars. Obviously the Commonwealth has permitted this leak because it is not considerable and in any case necessary for the conditions of Hong Kong.

COLLECTION OF WEALTH

In the fourth place Hong Kong has become the sink of all the wealth the refugees could carry from China. This includes also some industrial plant. Though there no means of exactly assessing this transfer, it is considered enormous as early all the very rich have pulled out of China with a good part of their assets. They seem to be spending freely as is apparent from the streets, shops and places of amusement in Hong Kong.

Even under favourable circumstances, the economy of Hong Kong has not succumbed to inflation. The Hong Kong dollar has been stable and the cost of living has not increased by even half that of Singapur which itself is less than half that of India. There are no controls to speak of, while the competition in the trade assures good supplies and fair prices. House rents are controlled and may be for that reason have risen more. Very large premiums are demanded for new houses and for key money. The precise economics of Hong Kong deserve to be studied because under conditions which in other places will be considered reckless, there has been no comparable inflation without controls and with an unprecedented increase of population. Perhaps orthodox economics deserve to be restated in terms of the experience of Hong Kong.

ORGANISED TRADE

The import trade of Hong Kong during 1949 reached 2750 millions, the export trade being 11.3% behind. The totals are nearly equal to those of Singapur though Hong Kong has not the same hinteland. The values of the trade with different countries are:

	IMPORTS	EXPORTS
China	584 millions	683 million
USA	575 „	234 „
UK	387 „	139 „
Malay	108 „	240 „
India	90 „	30 „

The difference between the import and exxport figures represents the local consumption which has been increasing due to influx of refugees. Otherwise the close race between exports and imports indicates the extent to which Hong Kong is merely a distribution centre. Her own contribution to the export is small being of a few industries like spinning, enamelware, vaccum flasks, electric fireworks. It is true that there is some reconversion of imports in order to make them eligible for imperial preference in Commonwealth countries. In fact in probably no other place is the trade so definitely organised to take advantage of imperial preferences which supplies a considerable competitive advantage, not so precisely considered elsewhere.

Hong Kong is a good example of the ingenuity of man. Built only on the little edge of land between sea and hill, it contains the wealthiest population in the East. There are no political problem as the Chinese are only too grateful for the Pax Britannica, Hong Kong will therefore last as long as there is trade.—PTI-FEATURE.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Encourage The Drama

There is a welcome move in Madras to secure exemption from entertainment tax for dramatic performances. The Government is reported to have given consideration to it. The stage, which was pushed out of its legitimate field in consequence of competition of the film, needs support in some form to rise again. The minimum encouragement, which the Government of every state can and should offer to it, is exemption from direct taxation. Both the Government and Municipality should join hands in encouraging dramatic art by at least extending to it relief from extertainment and theatre taxes. Such exemption should be extended to recognised amateur groups as well as to professional theatrical companies. There should be no invidious discrimination between them when there is the question of revival of the stage. In Bombay the Municipal Corporation has atlast agreed to construct a theatre as a measure to encourage dramatic art but the site selected by it in the Wadala-Sewri area—a remote corner of the city—is not likely to lead to fulfilment of its ambition; and then the stage will have to continue to bear the burden of taxes on theatre and and entertainments.

Easy Way Out

The new Food Minister's crusading zeal will be applauded even by those who do not eye to eye with him about the utility of his Utopias. Mr. Munshi is a man who has a plan for every occasion, and for every audience. The Van Mahotsava was designed for those who have their eyes fixed on the future; the vegetable day was a prescription for those who regretted on Monday's their indiscretion on Sundays. It was a down to earth, practical proposition. Mr. Munshi has earned his place in history by virtue of these two things alone. And yet he has cut new ground It required the courage of a crusader to do it. Lesser men might have hesitated to tell the awful truth to women on a point about which they are very sore. It has been claimed by people who ought to know that a woman might even be persuaded to reveal her age, but when the question of her weight crops up, even the Avery scale draws a line. Now Mr. Munshi has told Gujerati women not only that they are fat, but also why they are fat. Possibly Mr. Munshi hazarded this opinion feeling that, though women might be hurt by so damaging a criticism, their wrath would be mollified when they knew that he had a cure for the secret curse of Eve. He advised them to become "slim, handsome and shapely" be eating less. There is, however, a snag to the solution, which on the face of it appears so easy. The temptation of the excellent food which one has cooked, is too great for ordinary motals to resist. It might be argued that in that case the best way to avoid the temptation is by not cooking well And it is here that the serious-minded Eve will begin to wonder. for many a housewife knows that the easiest and the most reliable way to a man's heart is through his stomach.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Marwari Relief Society

The Marwari Relief Society, which has been rendering extensive service in aid of the uprooted refugees from East Bengal, has been declared by the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance to be an approved institution for the purposes of Section 15B (1) of the Indian Income-tax Act (XI of 1922) in respect of its refugee relief fund. All donations made to the East Bengal refugee relief fund of this institution are, therefore, exempted from Income-tax assessment. Contributions in cash or kind may kindly be sent to the Society's Head Office, No. 391, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

—TULSIRAM SARAOGI

Bonus Award

With the announcement of the decision of the Bombay Millowners' Association to take "appropriate proceedings" against the Industrial Court's Bonus Award for 1949, the communists will hail their decision as it will add to the discontent prevailing.

Instead of accepting the award and paying the workers two months' wages as bonus in good grace, they come out with the delaying tactics that would help neither them nor the workers.

There is already enough resentment amongst the workers and it will be a hard task for anybody to explain why the three mills could not make profit and the 10,000 employees of theirs would not get bonus.

—R. S. THONSEKAR

Rationing In Okhamandal

The people of Mithapur have, since March 1950, been put to great hardship and sufferings on account of the so called present system of rural distribution of rationed foodstuffs.

Mithapur is a small industrial town and not an agricultural place, built on modern lines by a big industrialist. It is a cosmopolitan town and has a population of about 8,000. The only chemical works for which sake the town is built, is controlling the whole activities and welfare of the population.

The factory runs a grainshop from where people draw their rations. Since March 1950, not only the whole quantum of rationed foodgrains has been reduced from 22½ lbs per unit per month to 22 lbs but also the meagre rice quota of 2½ lbs per unit per month under the above quantum was still reduced to a ridiculous extent of 20 tolas. People have perforce to go for black market at a high abnormal price. Unless the minimum necessities of a common man are met with, how is it possible to abolish black market? Even the 7½ lbs of rationed foodgrains previously given to manual workers have been taken away by the rationing authorities. The authorities should bear in mind that Mithapur depends entirely for everything from outside either Rajkot or Bombay, including vegetables which have to be brought from either Kambalj or Jamnagar and not only have the people to pay abnormal price for non-rationed articles but also rationed food-stuffs available in the black market.

The factory management, it is heard, tried their best in vain to get the statutory rationing prevailing in cities introduced in this town. People are getting very impatient and urgent relief is necessary.

—K. R. P.

Stop Conversion Of Harijans

TARA SINGH'S MOVE CONDEMNED

AMBALA, July 23 (UPI): Shri Prithvi Singh Azad Labour Minister, Punjab and President of the Depressed Classes League asked the Union Government to take legislative measures to stop the conversion of Harijans to a different religion.

Shri Azad, who was explaining his views about the recent "Amrit Prachar" move of Master Tara Singh, in an interveiw said that the move was more a political one than religious. It was designed not for the uplift or benefit of the Harijans but to destroy their integrity, he said.

"This move of the Sikhs," Shri Azad emphasised, "will break our integrity and solidarity."

"We, the Harijans," he continued "achieved political freedom thanks to Bapuji, but this freedom has not yet permeated in social life particularly in villages. I, therefore, feel if the Sikhs are allowed a free hand, a situation fraught with dangerous evil consequences will develop. Already in Jullundur division, in villages Sikh Amindars have started a social boycott of the Harijans. Though they love their religion as dearly as any one else, Harijans are poor and can hardly stand such economic pressure.

"Another evil aspect of this move," he said "was the gradual estrangement of feeling between the two sister communities, Hindus and Sikhs. In this frontier State of ours we should devote every ounce of energy to maintain amity.

"It is high time that the Union Government should intervene and stop this while it is still in its infancy."

NOT CRITICISM ALONE

U.P. Opposition's Positive Plans

CALCUTTA, July 23 (UPI): Shri Triloki Singh Leader of the Opposition Group in the U.P. Assembly and General Secretary of the newly formed Peoples Congress said at a press conference here today that the Uttar Pradesh Peoples' Conference should not be judged by the differences it had with the Congress, but by the merits and demerits of its positive programme and achievements."

Shri Singh said that they did not limit their activities to only criticising the Congress. "We have set forward a concrete programme and we have given a positive lead to the bewildered masses. We stand for the ownership of the land by the actual tillers of the soil and we are pledged to fight the cause out." he said.

Outlining the policy of the newly-born party, he observed that the party was wedded to a policy of struggle for the economic emancipation of the nation by peaceful and legitimate means. "Nonetheless we hold that when our demands are not conceded in a lawful manner, we have the right to strike. No democratic government can function without a political party with a positive programme behind it. Here in India the Congress has ceased to function. The only programme it has, is to carry out the programmes set by the Government," he added.

Shri Singh also informed that by next December the party hoped to enrol five lakh members.

STRUGGLE ACROSS FIELDS HILLS & NARROW ROADS

Difficult Terrain In Korea

SOUTH KOREA FRONT, July 23, (PTI-Reuter).

THE war in Korea is a struggle across the rice fields, over the hills and along narrow roads, writes Quentin Pope, Chicago Tribune correspondent in a special despatch to Reuter.

The hilly tangle of South Korea is cut by many valleys running roughly north and south. They branch and join like the veins in a man's hand. They are predominantly used to raise the staple food—rice. The shifting valleys are terraced and cut by high dykes, banks designed to control the waterflow which is essential for rice growing across which the Koreans raise vegetables or have small apple orchards.

Through the centre of the valley usually runs the road. This is raised above the surrounding areas from two to 20 feet and is just wide enough for two army trucks to pass when carefully driven.

Korean rivers are old and shallow, wide and marked by sand-bars.

JAP INFLUENCE

At short distances are the small villages, their low-pitched thatched roofs like stranded turtles and the row of hedge barely clearing the low stone and mud walls, also thatched, which separate each household and between which are well pounded clay lanes.

But the Japanese have been here and you can see signs of their influence, the telephone poles well festooned with wires, sunk in the rice-fields, the power lines which sweep over hill and valley, the high and solid railroad embankments.

Hereabouts the railroads are double tracked and run through two tunnels. The whole area is swarming with poles, mostly without emotion, though the children wave and smile, people in white clothes, the women wearing short jackets and billowing skirts and bearing bundles on their heads or backs, old men with long drooping moustaches, youngsters eagerly reclaiming any empty cans discarded by G.I's at meal time.

And whenever we move back these people move out too. They stream down the narrow roads, bordered by poplars pruned down to look like feather dusters or along embankments above the rice fields in the water of which you can see the reflected cloudy Korea sky.

They carry clothes and cooking things tied in great sheets, the women sling their children on their backs Japanese fashion. May be the men push a bicycle or pack food.

KOREAN POLICE

Near the front the region is totally deserted except for few Koreans whom the army has hired. Stores are shuttered and occassionally looted. The villages in which the GIs wait for the enemy with tank and machine gun are dead.

Also back along the road in retreat go the Korean national police and railroad guards.

Americans who have not learned that these outfits are not frontline fighting men are sometimes dazzled at the speed with which they move out. But the police, wearing light khaki and with old rifles slung on their shoulders, they are high on the Communist hate list and that they would be dead within minutes of being captured.

Often the road to the front is a mere pipeline through a village and military police stand around to speed things along or to warn heavy vehicles crossing small bridges which will not bear their loads. Beds of stones have been built down through the narrow streams to permit tanks to go forward and the road is plastered with direction signs to tank drivers.

But over the hills against us and across the solid banks where the rice fields and terraces have been built, come the Communist foe.

Japs Now Live 10 Years Longer

THANKS TO GENERAL MACARTHUR

TOKYO, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): The Japanese are living ten years longer than they did before the war, according to official statistics quoted by the newspaper "Tokyo Nichi" today.

Men are living to an average age of 56 and women to 60 and by 1962 Japan's population will have risen to 103 million from last year's figure of 82,640,000.

The paper attributed the increased life span to General MacArthur's public health programme.

RADAR FOR U.S. FORCES

Orders May Affect Radio Output

WASHINGTON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The United States Government will order 500 million dollars worth of radar and other electronic equipment in the next six months for the armed forces, according to an authoritative Government spokesman.

The exact type of equipment to be asked for by the Government was not known yet or was classified information.

However, the new orders definitely would result in production cuts of radio and television receivers for civilians.

Jagjivan Ram To Tour Punjab

AMBALA, July 23, (UPI): Shri Jagjivan Ram, Labour Minister, Government of India will tour the Punjab during the third week of August.

The Depressed Classes League, which has invited him to the Punjab will appraise him of the difficulties experienced by the Harijans.

Anglo-U. S. Fleets Accused Of War-Mongering

MOSCOW, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): Soviet warships and coastal batteries on the Black, White and Baltic seas and the Arctic and Pacific oceans fired 20-salvo gun salutes in honour of Navy Day being celebrated today throughout the U.S.S.R.

Moscow newspapers printed Navy Day editorials signed by fleet admirals accusing the British and United States navies of being the "spearheads" of Anglo-American preparations to unleash a new world war.

Grievances Of Seamen

CALL FOR EARLY REMOVAL

BOMBAY, Sunday: The annual general meeting of the National Seamen's Union of India here today, urged the Government of India to implement the recommendations of the International Maritime Conventions about the conditions of seafarers, especially in the matter of social secuity, holidays with pay, hours of work, food and catering and minimum wages.

The meetign requested the Government to look into the grievances of the Indian seamen and take early steps to remove them.

Dr. J. A. Colaco, who presided over the meeting, said that it was regrettable that their President Mr Mirza Akhtar Hussa should have suddenly left for Pakistan without formally intimately them.

Mr. M. Y. Nuri appealed to the seamen to put up a united front and stand solidly behind their Union for the redressal of their grievances.

Mr. Nurie was elected President, Messers, M. E. Serang, Mohamed Esmail and Dr. Colaco, Vivce-Presidents, and Mr. Abdul Kader Serang, General Secretary for the ensuring year.

The meeting expressed the sympathy of the Indian seamen with the seafarers of Argentina in their struggle for better status and working conditions.

GERMANS WILL BE EAGER TO FIGHT

Difficult To Check Them Says U.S. Official

FRANKFURT, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The United States High Commissioner in Germany, Mr. John J. McCloy, said here last night that he believed "it would be very difficult to deny the Germans the right and the means to defend their own soil."

Mr. McCloy had been asked by the National Broadcasting Company of America, in an interview for broadcast in the United States, whether in case of an attack on West Germany, American troops would defend the country without the help of German military contingents. "There are no German military contingents in Germany and we are not establishing them", he stated.

"On the other hand, I suppose there would be very many Germans who would be prepared and anxious to defend Germany in the event of an attack if given the oportunityfl

NO EXCESSIVE TROOP MOVEMENTS

Mr. McCloy discounted reports of ercessive troop movements in the Soviet zone of Germany. He said he had no report "we can interpret as being unusually significant."

The Allied High Commission was considering the establishment of a West German Federal Police force, but not from the point of view of necessity for a military or para-military force.

R. A. F. IS IN KOREA

LONDON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): A squadron of Royal Air Force Sunderland flying boats is now operating with British naval forces in the Korea campaign, Mr. Arthur Henderson, British Air Minister revealed at Wolverampton yesterday.

Addressing a parade of the Royal Air Force volunteer reserve, he said the British air force was playing its part in helping MacArthur's forces. These, he said, were in effect a United Nations police in action under the authority of the security council.

SIKH LEGISLATORS MEET AT AMBALA

No Decision Yet On Quitting Congress

AMBALA, July 23 (PTI): Sikh Congress Legislators met in Ambala this afternoon to consider the directive of the Shiromani Aakali Dal to the Panthic MLA who had joined the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly in 1948 "to quit the Congress".

Sikh members of the Assembly who had been elected on Congress ticket had also been invited, besides Giani Gurmukh Singh Musafir, President of the Punjab State Congress Committee, Sardar Bhopinder Singh Mann and Sardar Beldev Singh, Defence Minister.

Two members who were elected on Congress ticket but later joined the Socialist Party were not invited.

Out of 29 Sikh Legislators invited, only 19 were present, Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, Government of India, presided. Details of the discussion have been kept a secret.

The meeting set up a five-man Sub-Committee under the presidentship of Sardar Baldev Singh to contact a similar number of members of the Shiromani Aakali Dal's Executive to discuss among themselves the issues involved and to iron out any difference of opinion.

Sardar Hukum Singh, President of the Shiromani Akali Dal, who was present in Ambala, was contacted and was informed of this decision.

Sardar Baldev Eingh, told the PTI after the meeting that they would meet again to come to an agreed solution of the problem and place it before the general meeting to be held on July 30.

ADVANCE ON ALL FRONTS

North Korean Claim

LONDON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): North Korean troops continued to advance on all fronts on Saturday, according to a Tass official Soviet News Agency message from Vyongyang received in London.

The agency said units of the People's Army which "liberate" Taejon, "pursuing the retreating enemy troops liberated a number of district and regional centres and villages"

American aircraft made repeated raids on Seoul, Phongyang and surrounding villages on July 21, the Agency said.

"As a result of the indiscriminate barbarous bombing", it continued, "many houses, schools and educational institutions were destroyed and there were many casualties among the population".

The communique said that in the course of the fighting, units of the People's Army took many prisoners, soldiers and officers. They seized trophies which are being counted.

GUERILLAS ACTIVE

Tass quoted Pyongyang Radio as saying that Korean guerillas supporting the offensive of the People's Army, were becoming increasingly active.

The radio claimed that on July 17 and 18 a guerilla detachment operating in the province of South Kyongsang engaged a South Korean military unit and completely routed it.

LABOUR REBELS DWINDLE

More With Drawals From "Splinter" Group

LONDON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Another Member of Parliament yesterday withdrew his name from the list of signatories of the Labour splinter group motion on Korea.

The motion, presented a week ago, called for the recognition of Communist China in the Security Council and the withdrawal of United States forces from Formosa as pre-requisites to a settlement in Korea.

Pressure inside the Parliamentary Labour Party after ministerial rebukes to the 23 original signatories had already resulted in the withdrawal of seven names.

FRENCH SHIP LOST

MOGADISHU, (Somaliland), July 23 (PTI-Reuter): An Italian plane left Mogadishu yesterday with food, water and medicine for 460 troops and the crew of the French motor vessel Doba (7,096 tons) whose captain appealed for food and water.

A monsoon on Friday night lashed the waters 150 miles off the Ras Hafun Peninsula where the men were taken off when the ship ran aground.

The Doba bound from Haiphon to Kunkirk was pushed aground under a battering south wind and was last reported in danger of capsizing. The abandoned ship was believed lost last night.

MACKENZIE KING

(Continued from page 1)

St. Laurent, his successor in the Premiership, said the body would first lie in state in the Parliament building.

"The death of Mr. Kink marks the end of a period historians will call the Mackenzie King Era", Mr. St. Laurent said.

OBITUARY

Mr. William Lyon Mackenzie King, Liberal leader who was Premier for 21 years, held office for long period than any political leader in the English-speaking world.

When in April 1948 the year of his retirement, he equalled the record of Sir Robert Walpole set up between 1721 and 1742 for the greatest number of years in office as Premier—20 years and 326 days—a portrait of Walpole in a corridor in the Canadian Houses of Parliament was draped with crepe and a notice put under it reading "scratched".

Except for a few months in 1926 and between 1930-35, Mr. Mackenzie King guided the destinies of Canada from 1921 until November 1948.

Mr. Mackenzie King, a cautious, somewhat aloof and solitary bachelor, took over the leadership of the Liberal Party from Sir Wilfred Laurier, whose great achievement was to bring Roman Catholic French Canada into the Liberal fold, thus creating a party in which French Canadians and English-speaking Canadians had an equal voice.

It was an uneasy alliance when Mr. Mackenzie King inherited it, but by a series of skilful political manoeuvres he kept it alive and preserved it even through a bitter conscription split in 1944.

Born on December 17 1847, Mr. King, like his father was scholar, taking his degree in arts and law and then reading political economy at Harvard.

He was 35 when he was first elected to Parliament and a year later Sir Wilfred Laurier chose him as Minister of Labour in his 1909-11 Government.

INCREASINGLY PROMINENT

From that time his role in the affairs of his country became increasingly prominent, culminating, after his election as Liberal Party leader in 1919, ino his appointment as Prime Minister of the Dominion in December 1921.

He carried on first with a bare majority, then with a minority, till 1926 when a Conservative Cabinet took office for 88 days. Then he was back in the saddle.

In Canada, years of depression followed prosperity, and when in 1930 Mackienzie King appealed to the country he was defeated. For five years he was out of power. But in 1935 he came back with one of the most dramatic electoral landslides in the history of the Dominion. From then on, until November 1948, he was uninterruptedly Prime Minister of Canada.

INDUSTRIALISATION

Under his leadership Canada's economy was shifted from its traditional agricultural base to become the fourth largest producer of munitions and supplies among the allied nations. "The only limit to our productive capacity is the limit of our resources," he said.

When Mr. Mackenzize King came to Britain in November 1947 to attend the wedding of Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh, King George VI invested him with the Order of Merit.

Announcing his retirement as Liberal Party leader in 1948, Mr. King said "today there is no country anywhere in a more fortunate position than our own, nor has Canada at any time enjoyed a higher place in the regard of the nations of the world."

LONDON,: King George VI in a tribute today to Mr. Mackenzie King said his service to Canada would ensure him an honoured place in history.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee described Mr. Mackenzie King as a "great statesman and valued friend", and added, "he rendered eminent service not only to Canada, but to the British Commonwealth of Nations".

Mr. Winston Churchill said: "I deeply regret the loss of this great statesman whose friendship I enjoyed for so many years and whose services to Canada and the British Empire will long be remembered".

DELHI TONGAWALLAS TO OBSERVE HARTAL

No Gram Ration For Their Horses

NEW DELHI, July 23 (UPI): Tongawallas and rehrawallas of Delhi will observe hartal tomorrow (Monday) as a protest against the "unjust decision" of the rationing authorities to stop totally the gram ration for their horses.

There are about 10,000 horses in Delhi Last month it may be mentioned, a demonstration was held by the tongawallas at the Prime Minister's residence against this decision when they were assured that full ration would be restored to them for their horses.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT SHOULD BECOME INDIA'S P. M.

Saxena's Suggestion To The Executive

NEW DELHI, July 23, (PTI).

DR. MOHANLAL SAKSENA, former Minister of State for Rehabiting Committee that the Congress President should, IPSO FACTO become the Prime Minister of India.

In a memorandum submitted to the Members, Mr. Saksena says this convention would help remove the anomaly that now exists of the high office of the Congress President being "eclipsed".

The suggestion, the memorandum claims, seeks to "revitalise the Congress organisation and to stop the rot that has set in it".

Anticipating likely objections to combining the offices of the Congress President and the Prime Minister on the ground that the Prime Minister will be overburdened, Mr. Sakesa proposes that the President should have powers to nominate two Vice-Presidents. One of them would look after the parliamentary activities of the Congress and the other supervise the organisational and extra parliamentary matters.

NINE-POINT PLAN

Other suggestions made by Mr. Saksena are:

(1) With the exception of the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister, no Minister should be a member of the Working Committee or Provincial Executive. They may be specially invited for consultation on important questions.

(2) Ministers should not accept any other executive office in non-governmental institutions except with the special permission of the Congress President.

(3) A definite programme of work each year should be discussed and adopted at the annual session of the Congress or in its absence by the All India Congress Committee.

(4) The Provincial Congress Committees and parliamentary Congress parties should joinly meet and fix up a time-table for the implementation of the programme approved by the Congress and each Minister should fix up targets of work accordingly.

(5) There should be a six monthly review of the work done by the All-India Congress Committee and the Provincial Congress Committees.

(6) Congress parliamentary parties at the Centre and in the States should have separate chairmen nominated by their respective leaders. It is necessary to enable the parties to meet more frequently and regularly for discussion of day-to-day questions. This will also enable the members express their views more freely in the party meetings.

(7) While the leaders and deputy leaders of the Congress Parliamentary parties should be elected for three years, other office-bearers should be elected annually.

(8) There should be a Complaints Committee in the Central and Provincial Parliamentary parties which should have full powers to go into complaints and report such of them to the leader and the party executive as require action.

(9) Except the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister in the Union Government and the Chief Ministers in the State Governments, each Minister should be required to place a progress report of the Ministry or Ministries in his charge before the Party annually and to obtain a vote of confidence.

KACHRU'S LAST REMAINS

Japanese May Volunteer For U.N. Forces

JAMMU, July 23 (UPI): The remains of Pandit Dwarknath Kachru, one of Pandit Nehru's private secretaries, who was killed in the air-crash near Pathankot on Monday last were brought here today. They will be flown to Srinagar for immersion in the sacred nulla flowing from the holy Amarnath.

TOKYO, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Chief Justice Kotaro Tanaka has stated that from the Japanese legal viewpoint Japanese subjects may volunteer for United Nations forces on the basis of the right to self-defence, the Kyodo news agency reported today.

575 DETENUS TO BE RELEASED

Hyderabad Decision

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 23 (PTI): The Government of Hyderabad has passed orders for the release of 575 detenues from the Warangal District Jail, it is learnt here today.

The prisoners are expected to be released during the course of the day. The Government is said to have taken this decision following the recommendations of the Release Committee which visited the jail in this connection on July 22.

Prakastm Entertains Kidwai

MADRAS, July 23, (PTI): Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Communication Minister, Government of India, was entertained to dinner tonight by Mr. T. Prakasam, former Premier of Madras.

COMPROMISE: A compromise has been arrived at between the employees and the management of the Punjab National Bank Jullundur, and as a result of this compromise the strike notice given earlier by the Union has been withdrawn.

MONEY FOR THE KOREAN WAR

Truman's Blue-Print Tomorrow

WASHINGTON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman hopes to have ready for Congress by next Tuesday a blue-print of his 10,000 million dollar programme to help fight the Korean War and guard against Communist aggression elsewhere.

It will be in the form of a detailed request for the huge apropriation designed to carry out partial mobilisation of the nation's military strength.

On Wednesday, the nation may get the first official word on the extent of the new taxes which will be sought to finance the programme—and an additional million which will be sought later.

On that day the President will send to Congress the mid-year economic report of his Council of Economic Advisers with an economic message of his own.

These are expected to give not only official views on the state of the national economy, but on the control steps necessary to safeguard it from inflation.

40,000 MILLIONS DOLLARS!

U. S. Defence Expenditure

WASHINGTON, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): Well-informed Washington quarters predicted yesterday that United States military expenditure might reach about 40,000 million dollars during the financial year which started this month.

The United States Government is already committed to spend about 30 000 million dollars on defence in that period.

This includes:—Normal defence budget expenditure of 13,545 million dollars; supplementary military expenditure of 10,000 million dollars demanded by President Truman last week as a result of the Korean crisis; military aid to North Atlantic and other powers requiring 1,222,500 dollars; expansion of this foreign military aid programme in view of the international crisis unofficially estimated to require about 5,000 million dollars and proposals to lend money to private industry up to 22,000 million dollars to enable them to carry out the expansion necessary to fulfil arms orders. This amounts to 31,767 500 dollars.

Dargah Khawaja Saheb, Ajmer

AN APPEAL

The Dargah of Khawaja Moinuddin Chishty needs financial help from its devotees and other charitably inclined persons. All Nazars, contributions and offerings will be utlized for the following purposes or for any one of them as may be specified by the donors:—

1. Offering of flowers and Sandal at the Sacred Tomb.
2. Fatiha of Hazrat Khawaja Saheb and other expenses of the Sacred Tomb.
3. Cooking of Langar (morning and even meals for hundreds of the poor) and medical aid to the poor. One langar (meal) can be cooked on behalf of the Donor for Rs. 120/-.
4. Stipend and monetary help to orphans, widows and other deserving poor persons.
5. Maintenance and repairs of the ancient and historic Dargah buildings, lighting and Faroosh.
6. Cooking of famous Dargah DEGS.
7. Library, reading room and education.
8. Other expenses of the Dargah.

ZAKAT and FITRA will be utilized only for No. 4 above.

New constructions to provide amenities to pilgrims and immediate vast repairs to the existing buildings, opening of a Library of religious books, better arrangements for water supply and lighting of the Dargah, are some of the urgent requirements of the Dargah involving large sums of money which depend on the help of the devotees.

Boxes have been provided for the collection of Nazars and offerings at different places inside the Dargah Sharif. It is notified that no individual either in Ajmer or outside has been authorised by me to make collections on behalf of the Dargah. The only way in which you can help the Dargah in the maintenance of the charities of Khawaja Saheb, or in the execution of the above schemes is to address all your contributions and enquiries to the undersigned only. No responsibility can be taken by the Dargah Management for any contributions sent on any other address.

ABDUL RAUF SIDDIQI,
Administrator.
DARGAH KHAWAJA SAHEB,
P.O. Box No. 32
AJMER.

Stop Press

U. S. DELEGATES IN LONDON FOR DEFENCE TALKS

LONDON, July 23. (PTI-Reuter): The seven United States delegates to the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, which is meeting here on Tuesday, arrived here by air today from Washington. The organisation has been directed by the 12 foreign ministers, who form the Council, to study global co-operation in defence.

MACARTHUR REPORTS TO U. N. COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): A report by General MacArthur to the United Nations Security Council on the state of the war in Korea is on its way to Lake Success. The eight-page detailed report is now in Washington and will be sent to United Nations Headquarters some time this week.

FRANCE READY TO REARM

PARIS, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The French Government is prepared to respond rapidly to demands for stepping up the rearmament of the country within the framework of the Atlantic Defence Pact plans, it was stated here today in circles close to the Premier.

33 AIR RESERVISTS KILLED

MYRTLE BEACH (South Corolina) July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Between 33 and 36 air reservists, returning from manoeuvres, died when their transport plane crashed near here today. Roaring flames kept rescue workers from the wreckage for three hours.

3 KILLED IN AIR CRASH IN NORWAY

OSLO, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Three people were killer when an amphibian plane of the Grumman-Widegon type crashed and caught fire at Faaberg, north of Lake Mjoesen in central Norway last night. The plane was on the way to Oslo.

REDS RULE 40 PER CENT OF WORLD'S POPULATION

Policy Of Aggressive Expansion Intensified

NEW YORK CITY, (By Air).

RUSSIA has brought 40 per cent of the earth's 2,000,000,000 people under her control in the last 10 years, according to an American survey. With propaganda and with the threat of her massed armed might always in the background, the Soviet Union now rules over more than 10,000,000 square miles of land.

The figures do not include millions of Communists in numerous countries throughout the world whose nations have not fallen prey to Communism.

In 1939 Russia had a population of 170,467,000, and covered 8,173,550 square miles.

By January, 1950 total of 830,428,000 people lived under Red rule and the borders of communism had moved out, north and south-east and west.

The Soviet policy of aggressive expansion was put into operation in October, 1939, when Russia forced the Baltic republics of Latvia, Lituania and Estonia to accept "mutual aid" treaties with her.

These countries were annexed outright and organized as Soviet republics in the summer of 1940. The United States never has recognized this seizure. At the same time, Rumania was forced to cede Bessarabia, former Russian province and northern Bukovina.

AFTER WORLD WAR

By the end of World War II in 1945, the Soviet Union had taken over parts of Finland, Czechoslovakia, Ruthenia, Poland and East Prussia. She also had annexed the Kuriles and the southern half of Sakhalin Island under the Yalta agreement.

By February 1948, the Communists had imposed control over Czechoslovakia, Rumania Hungary, Albania, Bulgaria, East Germany and North Korea. Yugoslavia also was part of the Soviet bloc, but later broke with Russia in a squabble over Marxist ideology.

By January, 1950, the Communists had taken over Manchuria and China's 450,000,000 people leaving only the island of Formosa in Nationalist Chinese hands.

In Indo-China, Moscow-trained Ho Chi Minh had set up a Government recognized by the Kremlin and was keeping the French involved in a costly struggle.

Elsewhere the threat of spreading communism kept soldiers and diplomats alert.

The British were fighting Reds in Malaya and mobilizing against them in Singapore. In Europe, Marshal Tito's Yugoslavia nervously watched troops of Moscow-ruled Bulgaria massing on her frontier. Iran kept a watchful eye on her northern border.

And now in Korea the Red machine was sweeping over the American-sponsored republic in the south. The United States had committed its armed forces to battle in defense of South Korea.

Meanwhile, the forces of Soviet Russia were sprawled out over a vast part of Europe and Asia, ready for action at a word from the Kremlin. The world wondered: where would Russia reach out next?

—P. G. KRISHNAYYA'S SERVICE.

TECHNICOLOUR FILMS AT SMALL COST

Hubli Man's Invention

HUBLI, July 23. (PTI): Dr. P. B. Bhagwat a resident of Hubli, has invented a revolutionary process called "Spector-Colour" by which black and white films could be converted into technicolour at a small cost.

He gave a demonstration of the process before a gathering of press representatives and distinguished citizens of Hubli at a cinema theatre in the town this morning.

Speaking on the occasion, Dr. Bhagwat said that he had perfected the process after twenty years' work. He pointed out that with the new process all rainbow colours of the spectrum could be developed on any black and white positive cinema film at prices within the means of Indian film producers.

Dr. Bhagwat added that whereas the technicolour method employed in foreign countries could not so far convert black and white films into coloured ones, with his Spector-Colour device not only could a basic copy be made out but a number of copies could be taken at a small cost.

Dr. Bhagwat has produced nearly a dozen chemicals himself and the equipment is entirely his own design, constructed with the aid of ordinary fitters and carpenters.

CULTURE LEAGUE ANNEX CALLAN CUP

Record Crowd Invade College Ground To Watch Champions

PARAB PUTS PAID TO TATAS EFFORTS TO RETAIN TROPHY

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Indian Culture League 'A' annexed their second senior trophy when they claimed the Callan Memoritl Cup by defeating Tata Sports Club By the odd goal in three before a record crowd at St. Xavier's College Ground this evening.

Long before the start of the game endless line formed in front of the booking offices for their tickets and just before the start of the game the gate had to be closed.

The Indian Culture gave performance in keeping with their reputation and they delighted their numerous supporters with a fine exhibition of perfect teamwork and they fully deserved their success. The sharp intermittent showers throughout the day had left the ground in an ideal condition for booted soccer in which both sides rivalled having turned out fully shod to the man.

The Indian Culture were well served by their deep defenders Les Woodcock and Mukerjee with the intermediate line rendering them valuable support. In the attack Parab was once again the brains behind all their moves and spreadeagled the Tata defence with his astute passes to his winger or down through the centre of the field Thomas and Lobo also were prominent but the wingers Roy and Salvi failed to respond to the calls made on them.

The Tatas were best served by full-back Papen (Sr.) who was the only defender who worked tirelessly throughout the match and often came to the rescue of his side. Thingalaya in goal though turning in a stout performance failed his side by allowing the two goals to go past him.

Both the goals were a result of poor judgement on his part. Krishnan the pivot was a great spoiler but he failed to do anything constructive to help his forwards. Anthony Braganza was the only forward but they did not give him the necessary support. He was well marked by both Woodcock and Mukerjee to any damage on his own.

DETAILS OF THE GAME

Indian Culture took the offensive from the start and in the third minute Thomas threw away a fine chance of giving his side an early lead but he shot wide from the top of the penalty box.

Tata's confined their attacks to occasional breaking and in the ninth minute of play Peter Ferrao gave them the lead against the run of play with a well placed which gave Bhoja no chance of saving.

Stung by this early reverse the Culture League threw everything into the attack to secure the equaliser but the Tata defenders kept them at bay and they nearly conceded another goal when A. Braganza moved his way past a number of opposing defenders before giving Perumal a clearrun to goal who shot but Bhoja brought off a smart save to prevent a further score.

At the other end Salvi lost a glorious opportunity of equalising when he received a pass from Parab who was concerned in a fine bout of passing with Thomas and Laloo but Salvi shot over the far from close in.

A few minutes before the interval referee L. Natranjan penalised Woodcock for a perfectly legitimate shoulder change by which he brought down Perumal and awarded afree-kick to Tata's and P. Ferrao narrowly missed to score the ball just going wide of the upright.

After the interval the Culture League stormed into the attack to gain the equaliser and their efforts were rewarded in the second minute after the restart when Laloo sent the ball into an untenanted goal after Papen (Jr.) had tackled him and Thingalaya had unnecessarily left his change to intercept him and failed to do so.

Peter Ferrao missed a positive sitter when he had only to tap the ball past helpless Bhoja but he tried to dribble past him and gave him a chance of collecting the ball

Midway through this period Parab scored the all important goal off a free-kick five yards from the top of the penalty box awarded against Krishnan for handling the ball which Thingalaya failed to judge correctly.

Towards the end of play Tata's lost their last chance of saving the game when A. Braganza broke through but was foiled by Woodcock who brought him down with a hard change. before he could do any damage..

THE TEAMS WERE AS FOLLOWS:—

INDIAN CULTURE LEAGUE "A" Bhoja, Mukerjee and Woodcock, Narayan, Baban, and Paul, Salvi Parab, Laloo,. Thomas and Roy.

TATA SPORTS CLUB:— Thingalaya, Papen (jr(and Papen Sr. Anantaram, Krishnan, and Parameshwaram, Perumal, Shetty, P. Ferrao, A. Braganza and Balan.

Referee: —L. R. Natranjan.

Earlier in the evening Indian Gymkhana defeated the junior string of Indian Culture League by three goals to nil in the Second Division of the Harwood Football League.

At the G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel three matches were played in the Second Division of the Harwood League resulting as follows:

M. B. M. Sports 1. (Chavan), Air Services.'

Times 2 (Saxby 2), Volkarts S. C. 1 (Dantas)

Caltex 6, Young Comrades 0.

MEHROO DASTUR IMPRESSES

Extends Mrs. Joshi In Xavier's Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Sunday.

With the third and fourth rounds mathes in the men's singles and the ladies making their appearance for the first time, this evening's programme in the St. Xavier's College Open Table Tennis Tournament, came in for a lot of appreciation from the fairly good number of spectators that turned up.

"Definitely the most outstanding woman player of the season so far", was a well-earned verdict passed on the newcomer to the ranks of competotors, Miss Mehroo Dastur. This promising young girl created a very grea timpression by the ease and confidence with which she faced one of Bombay's leading women players Mrs. Suhashini Joshi (formerly Miss Dharap). Hitting a very neat forehand drive, and defending brilliantly Mehroo Dastur earned a round of applause when she held on to her courage, and the fact that she was down 13-17 in the first same, did not deter her from making her efforts. She was rewarded when she pulled the fame round and actually won the very first game over the extra points. But in the next two she went down to a much more experienced player, and Mehroo gave an impression that she needed this "first outing", which ought to her do a lot of good in the tournaments to come. With proper coaching and practice of the right tpye, she should develop into a potential title winner.

In an interesting men's sigles fourth round match, C.G. Velkar very nearly met his Waterloo in young I.R. Joosamb when the latter practically hit him off the table, but the steadiness of Velkar stood him in good stead and he ran out a winner in three games.

Hathiramani from Poona, gave a very good account of himself when he entered the fifth round of the men's singles, by first getting the better of the steady player N. S. Daver in two straight games, and later on accounting for A. Subba Rao.

Karnatak Football League

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An easy victory for Magaveera S.C. over Jai Hind F.C. by 5 goals to nil with a second hat-trick in the season by Seshappa 3 and K.P. Salian 2 in the Karnatak Football League played today at Oval.

In the second game Karnatak S.C. drew with Hind Bros. each side scoring once through S.C. Karkara and K.C. Kotian respectively.

The third game between Kanara Young Boys and Uchil United ended in a goalless draw.

Early at Cooperage Students Union and Jai Bharat resulted to a draw each side scored one goal each through Narayan and K. G. Gangera respectively in the same league.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN BADMINTON

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An interesting first round match in the Bombay Suburban Open Badminton Tournament, played this evening in a well deserved victory for J. V. Kamath and B. R. Mallapur in two straight games over Gregory Fernandes and N. J. Antia at the Bandra Gymkhana.

This thrill packed encounter was the redeeming feature of the otherwise dull programme of the first round of the men's doubles. Kamath and mallapur combined brilliantly to win the initial game at 15-12, and their opponents with great efforts took the next one to the extra points, when the former produced that little extra which so very often means everything between survival and defeat.

The following were the results:—

Men's Doubles

First Round: Rangachari and V. R. Varadkar beat B. N. Patange and S. R. Pradhan 15-2, 15-0; B. Y. Gupte and Bal V. Gupte beat M. R. Kundaji and M. D. Mundeshwar, 15-10, 15-8; S. G. Pendurkar and P. V. Kulkarni beat Bhoja V. Ullal and V. V. Ullal, 15-6, 15-10; A. J. D'Souza and Miranda beat M. N. Shinde and N. V. Ullal, 15-6, 15-4; S. S. Parulekar and C. B. Kallappa beat S. S. Parah and K. J. Narvekar 15-4, 15-5; K. S. Sachdev and K. L. Suri beat H. K. Shringi and K. Yogi, 15-2, 15-7; J. R. Ghandran and G. S. Chandran w. o. S. C. Patel and M. B. Gambers; P.D. Raut and Kiravont beat H. V. Bambardekar and N. J. Mehra, 15-6, 15-1. R. S. Dalal and B. B. Katara beat S. G. Damle and N. K. Iyer, 15-8, 12-15 15-12; G. P. Shirke and R. A. Dongre beat C. J. D'Souza and M. Pereira, 15-4,15-0; B. D. Shroff and P. S. Nilkant beat G. E. Awati and M. K. Joshi, 15-2,15-2; J. V. Kamath and B. R. Mallapur beat G. F. Fernandes and N. J. Antia 15-12, 17-14; M. L. Pradhan and D. G. Mulekar beat S. N. Sen and Ogale, 15-6, 15-7; Shashital and A. Parekh beat D. Crasto and L. Gomes.

RASHID'S SUFFER 0-2 DEFEAT FROM SHELL

Deserted Stands Witness First Division Soccer

BOMBAY, Sunday.

SOCCER fans had deserted the Cooperage by the thousands to witness the Callan Cup Final between I.C.L. and Tata Sports Club, as a result of which only a a few hundred spectators were present to see Burmah Shell inflict a 2-0 defeat on Rashids Sports Club in the First Division of the Harwood Football League this evening.

OLD BOYS HELD TO A DRAW

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Matches in the Golwalla Waterpolo League were confined to the Junior Division when three matches were played.

Golwalla 'B' got the better of their third string by seven goal to one. Daruwalla scored three, Vijifdar 2, Jhabwalla 2. Daruwalla reduced the margin.

Cathedral Old Boys shared ten goals with Cusrow Baug. Hillel and Jones scored two each for the Old Boys and Gordon completed the tally. Then Kapadia scored four and Daver 1 for the Cusrow Baug.

Pansuklal Mafatlal Baths second string scored seven goals against their third string to which they replied with three goals. Metha scored three, Shroff 2, Bhatia and Kepper one each. For the "'C" team Mehta scored and Khanna one.

Anant Vaidya and Albert Middlecoat were the main cause of Shell's victory. Middlecoat was playing in the position of centre half where he is always at his best and Anant Vaidya was quite at home at the unusual position of right half, excelling in every department of this game except the "throw-in".

Shanker resuming duty as centre half for Rashids after a long absence cornered all the glory as a brilliant spoiler. But his colleague Sukhlal at right half let him down badly. He could not play the policeman to Shell's outside-left Maxie Fernandes who is not half as good as he was, when he played for Trades last season.

As far the game, the less and about it the better Burmah Shell ruled the roost from the begining to the start. This was mainly due to their defenders who had the opposing forwards completely subdued. This subduing was made all the more easier by the Rashid forwards who could not put any cohesion in their play.

As mentioned earlier Shell were on the offensive right from the start, that they could not score in this half is partly their own fault, and partly due to some smart clearing by deep defender Robert Lobo. Shell missed the chance of a life-time when a nice cross pass near the goal-mouth by Maxie who had received the ball from Ganesh was bungled by Michael in the twentieth minute.

The score-board was blank at interval and for fifteen minutes after resumption of play. But even in this spell of fifteen minutes, Shell had matters much their own way. In the fifteenth minute however they capitalised on their territorial advantage when Ganesh's shot deceived Ariknathan by its lob. Barely two minutes after this Maxie shot the second goal for his side off a rebound from Ariknathan who had just halted from Rego.

Rashids had a chance to reduce the arrears, Santiago came out to kick a ball before Dass could get to it; but his clearance was well halted by Irdium, who smartly kicked the ball towards the untenanted net but it went wide of its objective by the narrowest of margins. A little before close of play, Janki pushed the ball into the net with his hands off a centre by Irdium but he was not subtle enough to avoid detection by the referee who rightly disallowed the goal.

The teams were:—

BURMAH SHELL:— Santiago, St. Anne, Angelo, Vaidya, Middlecoat, Pinto, Michael, Rego Ganesh Santon, Maxie.

RASHID SPORTS:— Aricknathan, Raphael, R. Lobo, Sukhlal, Shankar, Morthi, Irdenni, Dass, Verghese, Janki, Sakaram.

Referee:— A. J. Francis.

Poona Soccer Officials Reelected

POONA July 23 (PTI):

Mr. S. G. Barve, Commissioner of Poona Corporation was re-elected President of the Poona District Football Association. Mr. S. Bajirao and Capt. S. G. Chephekar were elected as Vice-president and Secretary respectively.

Maharatta Warrior Wins At Odds Of 32 To 1

LAST DAY OF KIRKEE GYMKHANA RACES

POONA, July 23.

Following are the result of Kirkee Gymkhana races, summer meeting fifth and final day, held today:

THE ENNORE STAKES—5 f.

PENNY NOVEL (Mrs. P. Rylands) 8-9, Cunilaj 1. PAPER MONEY (Mr. Mahommedalli) 8-12, Pillay 2. PANNIHARI (Mr. Motiram) 8-9, Y. Kamble 3. MAYUR PURI (Maharaja of Morvi) 8-9, Laxman 4.

Not run: Wolf, Choppy, Wagh Mahal, Moonface, Perhaps and Kranti.

Won by: 3l. 1l. 4l. Time 1 min. 17-2|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 11 for win (no places).

Winner trained by P. Rylands.

THE ELLA STAKES (Div. one)—3-1|2 furgs).

ANMOL MOTI (Zahiruddin) minus 20 yds. Datto 1. KUMMER (F. Mohd) minus 30 yds. A. Majif 2. MAHABLESHWAR KING (G.N. Pardesi) minus 140 yds. S.K. Majid 3. HIRALAL (Kolhatkar) minus 90 yds. Sakharam 4.

Not run: Nazir.

Won by 1|2l. 3|4l. nk. Time: 1 min. 3|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 27 for win, Rs. 11, 12-8 and 31-8 for places.

An objection by the rider of the fourth horse against the third was overruled.

THE ELLORE STAKES (Div 1)—3-1|2 furgs.

THE PIE (Mrs. Umrigar) 11-6, minus 70 yds. J. Umrigar 1. JAYBHUMI (S.V. Datar) 9-9, minus 80 yds. R. Umrigar 2. BUJRANG (Col. Prem Singh) 10-7, minus 130 yds. S.H. Captain 3. JAIDEV (S.S. Panehale) 9-7, minus 140 yds. B.R. Shivaji 4.

Not run: Ratnamala, Medallion, Irish Collen, Pratap, Guiding Star and Blue Danube.

Winner trained privately.

Won by: distance 3l. hd. Time: 53-4|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 5-8 for win Rs. 6, 12 and 14 for places.

THE ELLA STAKES (Div. II)—3-1|2 furls.

MAHARATTA WARRIOR (Mrs. Raghunath) minus 40 yds. Sakharam 1. JAI BHAJRANG (Dahwale) minus 10 yds. F. Mohd. 2. RAJA (S.K. Hussain) minus 30 yds. Narayan 3. TARAMATI (Mrs. Raghunath) plus 40 yds. Umaji 4.

Not run: Sideshwar.

Winner trained privately.

Won by: 1|2l. 3|4l. nk. Time: 1 min. 2-4|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 159-8, for win, Rs. 18-8, 7 and 16-8 for places.

THE ELLORE STAKES (Div. I)—3-1|2 furls.

SHABNAM (Mr. Subhan) 10-4, minus 100 yds. S.M. Mody 1. AFTAB (Mrs. Rahunath) 9-7, minus 30 yds. Sadiq 2. KUTUB MINAR (R.K. Dastur) 9-11, minus 80 yds. Adenwalla 3. KHANDU (T.M. Lawde) 9-4, plus 10 yds. Pardeshi 4.

Not run: Miss Shaheen, Romatic, Ekno, Barbara, Moon Light and Prince of Stallions.

Winner trained privately.

Won by 1l 3|4l. nk. Time 55-3|5 secs.

Tote paid: Rs. 16-8 for win, Rs. 9, 12-8 and 11 for places.

THE BOMBAY SAPPERS AND MINERS CUP—3-1|3 furgs.

SHARDA (Chand Khan) 7-0, minus 10 yds. Popat 1. NARGIS (Miss Jaffer) 7-7, plus 20 yds. Dhondiram 2. BHAIYA (Master Lagad) 7-0, minus 20 yds, Chotu 3. LAKSHMI (M.S. Nikal) 8-0, minus 40 yds. Smith 4.

All ran.

Won by: 2l. 1-1|2l. hd. Time: 1 min. 3-2|5 secs.

Winner trained privately.

Tote paid: Rs. 11 for win, Rs. 7-8, 19-8 and 17-8 for places.

THE EKMA STAKES—6 furgs.

LITTLE STAR (Mrs. P. Rylands) 9-9, S.K. Padamjee 1. LILY (Mrs. K.P. Jadhav) 7-0, Katkar 2. MALKA (Mrs. K.P. Jadhav) 7-2, N. Kamble 3. PERSEPOLIS (G.M. Omkar) 9-10, Y. Kamble 4.

Not run: Chocolate Soldier, Bavaji, Aroma, Gipsy Flower, Cascade, Parker Prince, Billy Boy.

Won by: 4l. 2l. Time: 1 min. 15-4|5 secs.

Tote paid Rs. 13 for win, Rs. 5-8, 5-8 for places.

THE ELENABAD STAKES—9 furgs.

SHRINGARPUR (B.D. Neroy) 9-9, minus 50 yds. B.R. Shivaji 1. EKNO (B.E. Centre) 11-8, minus 110 yds. Major Hynes 2. STARS AND STRIPES (W. Grey) 10.7 minus 240 yds. S. K. Padamjee 3. THE SAPPER (B. E. Centre) 11-6, minus 30 yds. Lt.-Col. Aga 4.

Not run: Ratnamala, Jaidev, Andaz, Karan and The Pie.

Won by: distance, head 1l. Time: not taken.

Tote paid: Rs. 5-8 for win, Rs. 17, 17 and 8-8 places.

Winner trained privately.

Daily double tote: Eightytwo tickets each paying Rs. 15.

Jack Gardner Plans To Go Slow With Woodcock Fight

"GOLDEN BOY" TO FIGHT TWO EUROPEAN HEAVIES FIRST

LONDON, July 23, (PTI-Reuter):

Following his victory earlier this week over Johnny Williams in one of the bloodiest battles seen for some time Jack Gardner, the Market Harborough heavy-weight, has become the current "golden boy" in British boxing.

His workmanlike win over Williams, who was considered the better prospect, has earned him a tilt at Bruce Woodcock's, British title, but other plans are being made first.

Although it is Gardner's greatest ambition to fight Woodcock for the title, he is not being rushed into the match. He intends to get all the experience he can before the encounter, and it has been suggested that he should fight one or two European heavy-weights. Jo Weidin, Australian holder of the European title, has been named as a likely opponent.

Gardner still needs to improve if he is to have a chance against Woodcock for in spite of his defeats by Americans, the British champion is far from being a pushover for any talented heavy-weight who appears in Britain or for that matter, Europe. Woodcock has always produced his best form against British and continental fighters and the mental edge he has displaced in these encounters, suggests that he still in the most formidable heavyweight this side of the Atlantic.

A heavy but ponderous puncher, Gardner showed great improvement in his fight Williams, who collapsed from exhaustion at the end of the contest and had to be taken to hospital.

Gardner moved faster, boxed bettr and his punching was much mrisper than hitherto. His pounding left leads and heavy right crosses had Williams in a bloody state early on, and in spite of late rally by Williams, Gardner had done enough to earn the verdict.

The heavy armament of Gardner will take him a long way, but defeats by Verne Escoe, the Canadian, revealed his inexperience and lack of defence. Against Woodcock he would have to tighten up in all departments but after the showing against Williams he looks improving a lot more, because he has the right mental approach to the fight game.

Williams it seems will have to take a back seat for some time. He is to spend at least nine months on his grandfathers farm in wales to build his strength up. His lack of punch and power of physique have always been his weak points, but his boxing skill is of a very high order in view of his comparatively short career.

A return match between these two is already being talked of. In a year's time Gardner should have reached is peak while Williams, if his appointed recuperation has the desired effect, should be more of a match for the heavier Garner and some lucky promoter will have one of the biggest attractions of the year on his hands.

YORKSHIRE HAVE ABUNDANCE OF TALENT

One Time England 'Hopes' Aspinal And Smithson's Services Ended

LONDON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter):

YORKSHIRE, joint holders of the county cricket championship, have so much talent at their disposal that they have informed Ron Aspinal and Gerald Smithson, who at one time were England "hopes", that their services will not be required after the end of this season.

Only three season ago English cricket followers were claiming that Yorkshire had produced a pace bowler and a left-hand batsman to solve two of England's problems.

This certainly looked to be true but the careers of these two are remarkably similar. Both made brilliant starts in county cricket but after injuries both found their form deserting them.

Last season Aspinal headed the first class bowling averages by taking thirty wickets at an average of 9.63 and he displayed such brilliant from early in the season that he was regarded as certain for test honours.

Then he sprained an ankle tendon and played no more in 1949. This season he has had one or two trials but obviously has not regained his confidence.

Aspinal, burly and hostile, made his debut in 1946 and he was awarded his cap in May 1949. He is 31 and it is expected that he will join the Bradford League Club, Parsley.

Smithson who is 23, showed such promise with stylish and aggressive batting on first coming into the Yorkshire side that he gained speedy recognition by inclusion in the M. C. C. party visiting the West Indies in 1947-48 and he played in two Tests for England during the tour.

Injured on that tour he did not appear for Yorkshire in 1948. He has not regained his form and has appeared to lose confidence recently.

Several countries, not so rich in talent as Yorkshire, are understood to be interested in engaging Smithson, and Leicestershire have already offered him a contract. A change of county might enable him to rediscover his lost spark of inspiration.

Baroda Leaves For Bombay To Supervise Sale Of2-Year Olds

LONDON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter):

The Maharajah of Baroda left London airport for Bombay today to supervise the sales of twenty of his two-year old horses at stud in India.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-40 p. m. B. E. S. T. vs Amateurs

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-35 p. m. Happy Friends vs Tata "A"

5-35 p. m. Bombay City vs General Motors (Harwood League Second Division).

G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel.

4-30 p. m. G. B. Police "B" vs St. Xavier "B"

5-30 p. m. Rainbow vs Dockyard "B" (Indian League Division III)

TABLE TENNIS

St. Xavier's College Hall.

6 p. m. First and Second round of Women's doubles.

6-15 p. m. First and Second rounds of Men's Doubles (Lower Half).

7 p. m. First and Second rounds of Men's Doubles (Upper Half).

BADMINTON

C. C. I.

6 p.m. Suburban Open Tournament

BANDRA GYMKHANA

6 p.m. Suburban Open Tournaments

MOHAMMEDAN SPORTING SUFFER FIRST DEFEAT

Kalighat Recover To Win By Solitary Goal

CALCUTTA, July 23 (PTI):

Kalighat who went down to Dalhousie by four goals to one the other day, staged a recovery to beat Mohammedan Sporting by a solitary goal this evening. This was the Mohammedans fifth defeat of the season.

The losers in spite of their traditional superiority played entirely on the defensive in the first half, when they were one down. They were all over Kalighat in the second half but their scoring efforts rolled away like quick silver. Kalighat on the other hand, undertook the venture sternly and stuck to the lead they obtained in the middle of the first period.

At the start the match was more of a ding-dong affair but in the sixth minute Karunakaran, Mohammedan's inside-left, broke away and put Kalloo Khan, left-outer, in possession but G. Gupta, Kalight goal-keeper saved from the last players low shot. This was the losers only scoring attempt in the initial half. Kalighata soon relieved pressure and in the eleventh minute B. Das Gupta, centreforward, shot over from H. Ghosh, outside right. In the next minute B. Das Gupta scored with a beautiful rising shot. Shortly afterwards Mohammedan's failed to equalise from a spot kick just outside the penalty box.

The changeover proved beyond doubt the losers ill-luck whose forwards failed from few yards of the Kalighat goal Gupta. Kalighat keeper, effected several saves.

Rain Washes Out Play

KANGA CRICKET LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

With continuous rain during the last few days, most of the matches in the Dr. H. D. Kanga Cricket League due to be played today, were abandoned, and in the case of the five out of a total of sixteen matches scheduled play could not start before 2 p.m., but intermittent showers, and a final burst of the rain put an end to these five matches. The teams in the case of these five matches earned one point each because the matches were declared to be drawn.

The following were the results of the matches that were played:—

DIVISION "A"

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana drew with Young Zaroastrian C.C. at the Kennedy Sea-face.

The start was delapey due to rain. Hindu Gymkhana batted first and had made 11 runs for the loss of 2 wickets when the play was abandoned due to heavy showers. The match was drawn.

The scores were:

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana—R. V. Bnajekar c Shroff b M. Rajkotwalla 0, J. V. Parasram c Shroff b R. Patel 1, D.B. Kulkarni not out 5, L.B. Kenny not out extras 0. Total 11 for the loss of 2 wickets.

Fall of wickets: 1|0, 2|2.

Bowling Analysis —M. Rajkotwalla 2|1|4|1, R. Patel 1|4|0|7|1.

Sunder Cricket Club drew with Baronet Cricket Club at Cross Maidan.

The start was delayed. Sunder C.C. on winning the toss put in Baronet C. C. to bat first on the rain-soaked wicket. They started the play at 2 p.m. but within the half an hour of play they had to give up the match as the heavy showers then made it impossible for any further play. The match was drawn.

The scores were:

Baronet C. C.—B. R. Irani not out 4, N. R. Kanga not out 4. Extras 2. Total 10 for no loss.

Bowling Analysis—D. G. Phadkar 8|3|6|0, Y.B. Palwankar 5|4|1|0, S. W. Sohoni 2|1|1|0.

National Cricket Club vs Shivaji Park Gymkhana on Shivaji Park.

Gymkhana at Dadar: Umpires Messrs. S.M. Makhiji and R.D. Kumbhar waited upto 2-40 p.m. and then gave the decision to abandon the match.

Fort Vijay Cricket Club vs Jolly Cricketers at Azad Maidon: The match was abandoned.

Gowd Saraswat Cricket Club vs Cricket Club of India at the Brabourn Stadium: No play. The match wa abandoned in the afternoon.

DIVISION "B"

Parsee Cyclists Sports Club drew with Bombay City Police Club at Azad Maidan.

Bombay City Police won the toss and put their opponents to bat on the wet wicket. The start was made at 2 p.m. but within half an hour from the start they had to abandon the match as drawn because of rains. Each side collected one points.

The scores were:

Parsee Cyclists S.C.—J. Sijanporia 1, P. Rane 0, H.M. Dadanchanji not out 1, R.M. Dadachandji not out 12, extras 1, Total 14 for the loss of 1 wicket.

Fall of wickets:—1|0.

Bowling Analysis—P. Rane 4|1|6|1, J. Roach 5|1|7|0.

New Hind Sporting Club vs Dadar Parsee Colony S.C. at Matunga. The match was abandoned. The decision was taken at 1-30 p.m.

Naoroz Cricket Club vs Brothers Club at Azad Maidan: The match was abandoned. The decision was arrived at in the afternoon.

Khar Gymkhana vs Matunga Gymkhana at Matunga. The Umpires decision in the afternoon was to abandon the match. Match was not played.

Parsee Gymkhana vs Prabhu Young Cricketers at the Kennedy Sea-face. The match was abandoned in the afternoon. No play.

DIVISION "C"

Bohra Cricketers drew with Lad Cricket Club at Cross Maidan.

The start was made late at 2 p.m. Lad C.C. winning the toss, batted first and made 18 runs for the loss of 4 wickets when the heavy showers drove the players back to their pavilion and no further play was possible. The encounter was drawn and each side collected one point.

The following were the scores:

Lad C.C.—D.H. Jhaveri c Wicketkeeper b H. Reshamwalla 4, N.A. Dholakit run out 2, K. H. Ruustogi b S. Heptulla 0, M.L. Rustoji c Nakhuda b H. Reshamwalla 6, K.C. Thanawalla not out 5, extras 1, total 18 for loss of 4 wickets.

Fall of wickets—1|4, 2|6, 3|6, 4|16.

Bowling Analysis—S. Heptulla 6|2|9|1, H. Reshamwalla 5.1|0|8|2.

Bhatia Sports Club vs Pathare Prabhu Cricketers at Azad Maidon. The match was drawn.

The late start was made at 2-15 p.m. and Bhatia S.C. on winning the toss batted first and made 7 for the loss of 1 wicket when heavy showers came which made them to abandon the match. The match was drawn. Each side collected one point.

Bandra Gymkhana vs Friends Union S.C. at Matunga. The match was abandoned after the decision of the umpires in the afternoon.

John Bright C. C. vs New Social Union S. C. at Azad Maidan. The match was abandoned in the afternoon. No play.

Crescent Cricket Club vs Ghatkopar Jolly C.C. at Azad Maidan. The match was abandoned in the afternoon. No play at all.

Russia Repeats Charge Against MacArthur

BAN ON COMMUNIST PARTY QUESTIONED

LONDON, July 23. (PTI-Reuter.) ...

RUSSIA today made public the text of a protest letter accusing General Douglas MacArthur as Supreme Allied Commander in Japan of "trampling on the rights of democratic organisations".

The letter dated July 17 was sent by Colonel S. Poliashenko, Deputy to Lieutenant General Kuzma Derevyanko, Soviet Member of the Allied Council for Japan, according to a Tass Agency Message received in London.

Reiterating charges made in an earlier protest on June 24, it accused General MacArthur of failing to implement the Potsdam declaration and other joint decisions of the powers concerning the democratisation of Japan.

The letter said that Soviet demands for cessation of "unlawful acts" against trade unions, the Communist Party and other democratic organisations remained fully in force.

The Soviet Agency said that on the instructions of the Soviet Member of the Allied Council for Japan, Lieutenant General Derevyanko, his Deputy, Colonel Poliashenko, sent a letter to General MacArthur on June 24 regarding the "repression" carried out by the American occupation authorities and the Japanese Government against trade unions, the Communist party and other democratic organisations in Japan.

Being unable to deny the facts contained in the letter, General MacArthur on June 25 sent a reply addressed to the Soviet member of the Allied Council for Japan.

"VAGUE" REPLY

The letter was written in "vague terms and without employing any arguments with regard to the substance of the question, General MacArthur rejected the demands put forward by the Soviet representative for the cessation of unlawful acts against the trade unions and other organisations.

(In his reply to General MacArthur on July 17 Colonel Poliashenko said that the requests put forward in the letter of June 24th were based on the provisions of the Potsdam declaration of the Governments of the United States, Great Britain, China and the USSR which provided that the Japanese Government must remove obstacles in the way of the restoration and consolidation of democratic tendencies among the Japanese people, freedom of speech, religion and thought as well as respect for the fundamental right shall be established."

The letter said that by rejecting "these legitimate demands" the Commander-in-Chief "demonstrated once again that he failed to understand the Potsdam declaration and the other joint decisions of the powers concerning the democratisation of Japan."

He said that he was not surprised at the attitude of General MacArthur since "the activity of the Commander-in-Chief in Japan testifies that he is a long way from democratisim, and even further away from any elementary understanding of the tasks concerning the democratisation of Japan."

RIGHTS "TRAMPLED"

Confirming the demands put forward earlier, the letter said:

"The practice of the past years and the particularly unlawful acts of the most recent period go to show that instead of securing freedom for the activities of Japanese democratic organisations and instead of ensuring the democratic rights and liberties of the Japanese people, the policy of the Commander-in-Chief amounts to trampling on the rights of the democratic organisations of the Japanese people."

YUGOSLAVIA REJECTS BULGARIAN CHARGES

No Frontier Violation

BELGRADE, July 23, (PTI-Reuter): The Yugoslav Government has rejected Bulgarian allegations of illegal acts by Yugoslav frontier guards against Bulgarian farmers, Tanjug the official Yugoslav News Agency reported yesterday.

The Yugoslav Foreign Ministry in a reply on Friday to a Bulgarian note of June 29 said the allegations were untrue and accused the Bulgarian frontier guards of systematic violations of the agreement regarding cultivation of land on both sides of the Yugoslav-Bulgarian frontier.

Yugoslav Invitation Accepted

LONDON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The National Peace Council of Great Britain has accepted Yugoslavia's invitation to send a representative goodwill mission to see whether Yugoslavia is preparing war against her neighbours.

The invitation was extended by the Yugoslav Peace Committee to all national peace movements, following reported allegations of Moscow and other Cominfom countries that Yugoslavia was turning its territory into war bases for foreign powers with the purpose of launching war against her neighbours and the Soviet Union.

Special Refugee Tax To Be Levied In Karachi

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, July 23: The Government of Pakistan, it is learnt, are soon issuing an Ordinance for the levy of a special Muhajir (Refugee) Tax in the Federal Capital.

This is being done to speed-up the rehabilitation of some lakhs of refugees who today live a most miserable life on the pavements of the city.

Eye Specialists Meet In London

CONFERENCE AFTER 80 YEARS

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON: More than 1,000 eye-specialists from over 60 countries have been holding a conference in London.

They compare notes on recently gained knowledge of eye-diseases and assess values of different methods of treatment.

India is represented at the conference by Dr. Srinivasan of Madras, Dr. Dastoor of Bombay, Dr. Balwantsingh Rathke of Dehra Dun.

The delegates read and heard nearly 150 scientific papers on eye-diseases and attended many exhibitions.

A feature of the demonstrations at the Central Eye Hospital was the televising of the eye-operation.

At the exhibition held at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical medicine they saw a wide variety of trades and occupations for which the blind are trained in this country.

At another exhibition at St. Pancras Town Hall surgical instruments, books and drugs were displayed.

London is holding the Conferennce for the first time in nearly 80 years, and today in London under the National Health Service, even the poorest can have the benefits of modern comprehensive service of eye-testing and spectacle provision.

Charlie Chaplin May Be Knighted

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON—Charlie Chaplin is preparing to shoot his new film, "Foot lights" in Hollywood. The film relates to old time English music hall stage upon which he began his career.

It is said Carlie wished to come to London to make some of the shots, but according to the 'Daily Herald', he feared that he might not be re-admitted to America. There is vendetta against him for his Leftish political views".

It is said Charlie wished to come to should invite Charlie Chaplin to the Festival of Britain due to be held here next year. It is also suggested that during his visit he should be honoured "Divorce is no no longer a bar to knighthood."

COLOUR BAR IN BRITAIN

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Britain is not entirely free from colour bar. Landladies are still there who turn the coloured people from their doors.

Often one finds notices outside private guest houses "only for the white".

"These ladies", says Oliver Baldwin former Governor of Bermuda and now a columnist for the 'Sunday Pictorial', "are generally ardent Tories who, by this attitude, are working hard for the disintegration of our African and West Indies Colonies".

"Discussions on the colour bar", he adds always seem to end in challenging questions as to whether or not the two races should inter-marry. When one realises the number of persons in high positions who have African blood in their veins, one should not be too sweeping in condemnation. Besides it is not always the black man who marries the white woman. In fact, in the West Indies mixed blood was caused by the union of the slave owner with the slave. Think of Pushkin, Dumas Coleridge Taylor....they were not bad results of mixed marriages"

The report published by UNESCO says that there is no evidence that race mixtures produce biological bad results". "We are all brothers under the skill. Yellow, brown, black, white man starts life with same inborn capacities for good or evil, achievement or failure.

Mr. Griffiths, Secretary of State for Colonies, has once again appealed to the people of Britain to ask the coloured students in this country, into their homes, and invite them to take part in "our activities and recreations. Then they will become really our friends".

COLOUR BAR IN PARIS HOTELS

Imposed To Satisfy American Guests

PARIS, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The International League against Racism and Anti-Semitism said today it had addressed a letter to M. J. Percepied, President of the French Hotels Union, protesting the refusal by certain hotels in Paris to admit coloured guests.

Representations to the hotels, the League's statement added, drew the reply that the colour bar was imposed "to avoid shocking American clients".

M. Percepied had replied that immediate steps would be taken to see that these hotels did not continue their racial discrimination, the League said.

The statement added: "we are happy to welcome American tourists to France, but citizens of the United States should respect the laws of a country where racial segregation is unknown".

U. S. FOOD PRICES WILL NOT BE AFFECTED

Economic Effects Of Korea War

WASHINGTON, July 23. (PTI-Reuter).

THE UNITED STATES Government told Americans yesterday that there was plenty of food in the country and that the Korean crisis would not even "noticeably affect" supplies.

In a special food report, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics said that food prices were unlikely to rise this year more than three or four per cent above the July level and the year's retail average should be about the same as that of 1949.

The main effect of the Korean situation was likely to be a greater demand as employment and incomes responded to the accelerated defence programme.

The Bureau of Labour Statistics said that between May 15 and June 15 food costs leaped 2.1 per cent; since the fighting started, some prices have shot higher.

It said the present strong demand resulted largely from the record level of employment and the high level of personal income.

A larger part of personal incomes is being spent on food than before the war.

NO WIFE, NO LIFE: YOUTH'S SUICIDE

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Mail): "Without wife there is no life" with these words written on a piece of paper, 22-year old Abdul Karim took a large doze of opium to end his life.

gone to bring his wife from his

The young man, it is stated, had mother-in-law's house in Baghadadi quarter but was refused. To persuade his mother-in-law, it is further stated, Abdul Karim resorted to satyagraha and sat dharna for several hours before her house. This too failed to cut much ice whereupon becoming desperate he returned home and took a large doze of opium to end his life.

Neighbours removed him to the Civil Hospital, but it was too late. Police are making further investigations.

Eat Less To Live Longer

SCIENTISTS' NEW DISCOVERIES

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON: How to keep young while growing old? This was the question that doctors and scientists discussed during the week-end in the Belgian city of Liege.

Experiments, it was stated had shown that over-eating was the root cause of feebleness.

"My experiments at Chicago", said American Antom Carlson, had proved that when animals are not allowed to gorge themselves they live much longer. Those completely starved on alternate days, lived longest of all".

Most doctors seemed to agree that too much fat was the cause of people not staying young. Fat resulted in the hardening of arteries, leading to interruption in blood flow.

It was pointed out that the number of cases of hardened arteries drpped in Germany when there was shortage of fat.

The doctors believed that enforced ideleness after 60 was also cause of senile decay. If elders were to be occupied in work they would be far healthier.

Another astounding revelation made by the doctors was that boys were more suceptible to infant ailments than girls. Their plan is to try to change their sex for a few months with a view to improving their chances of survival.

The two British doctors claimed that they were working on ways of removing wrinkles and grey—hair. Dr. Geiringer of the Edinborough University claimed to have discovered a way of restoring colour to grey hair. In three cases he had turned grey hair to almost completely black, the rest had some colour back.

The conference is the lrst conference of its kind to be held to explore the chances of extending the average human life-span to 100 and beyond.

PRICES RISE IN JAPAN

Effects Of War In Korea

TOKYO, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The Korean War has boosted the prices of raw materials in Japan and brought increased employment to some Japanese industries, the Tokyo Nichimachi Shimbun wrote today in a review of the effects on Japan of the first month of Korean hostilities.

The prices of such raw materials as tin, copper, zinc lead and rubber have risen sharply, said the paper, tin leading the rise with an advance of 30 pounds sterling a ton.

Junk merchants, it declared, have started combing Japan's bomb ruins for scrap iron.

Shipping and shipbuilding were first to be affected by the war, the paper said. Within a few days of the outbreak much of the 99 000 tons of Japanese shipping that had been lying idle was at work as transports for United Nations forces.

Freightage, morever, was 20 per cent. above normal, the paper note.

The 30,000 yen rise in tin prices made the current price 570,000 yen per ton.

The prices of copper and zinc had advanced by 5,000 yen per ton making their prices 165,000 yen and 125 000 yen per ton respectively.

Lead went up by 2,000 yen per ton to 84,000 yen.

Although the prices of these nonferrous metals had jumped considerably, their advance was not caused by greater demand, the newspaper pointed out.

Japan Offers To Buy Pak Wheat At Lower Price

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, July 23: It is learnt, Japan has offered to purchase another 2,05,000 tons of Pakistan wheat in addition to one lakh tons for which necessary agreement was recently concluded and shipments of which are already on their way to Japan.

Although Japan appears to be satisfied with the quality of Pakistan wheat, it has offered to purchase this additional quantity at a reduced rate and the Pakistan Government are quite likely to accept the offer since they are very anxious to clear off their huge surplus, more particularly when India is not coming to an early decision with regard to its proposed purchase of three lakh tons of wheat.

Campaign For The Union Of Ireland

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON: The agitation for the union of North and South Ireland continues.

The campaign continues both inside and outside Eire.

De Valera proposes to visit the new state of Isreal and tell the people there of the wrongs of Irish partition.

President Auriol of France has been invited to visit Dublin to get first hand facts about the partition. The President may not visit Dublin. But some Irish leaders may go to Paris and talk of partition.

The campaign may not produce immediate results. But the people of Eire will never give up the goal of United Ireland.

Barber Attacks Customer With Razor

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Mail): A barber has been arrested by Karachi police on the charge of stabbing a customer with his razor on Lawrence Road.

The accused, Sher Ahmed it is alleged, had a quarrel with his customer Abdul Karim over the payment of hair cutting charges. In his excitement, he is alleged to have used his razor and caused cuts on the customer's person.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET

CHICAGO, July 22.—Chicago grains actively reflected resumption of July liquidation and evening up prior to the over week-end Government's report which stressed that fears of a food shortage are baseless. After early firmness reflecting Portugal's purchase of three cargoes of United States wheat for shipment from Gulf, wheat met profit-taking but declined were checked by hedge lifting and cash dealers buying. Initial firmness of maize due to rumours that maturity of Government's loans may be extended 30 days later met hedging and liberal country offerings. Oats declined on improved weather and increased new crop offerings.

The New York Cotton and stocks markets were closed.

Wholesale Prices Rise

NEW DELHI, July 23 (PTI).—The official wholesale price index at 404.9 with the year ended August 1939 as base, witnessed a further rise of 0.8 per cent during the week ended July 8, 1950, as compared with 401.5 (revised) for the previous week, says a press note issued by the Economic Adviser to Government of India. Relative to the corresponding weeks of last month and a year ago, the index was higher by 2.4 per cent and 7.1 per cent respectively.

During the week under review 'foodstuffs' advanced by 1.5 per cent to 423.6 owing to rises in the prices of wheat (plus 4 per cent), gur (plus 2 per cent), rice, salt and dal (plus 1 per cent each).

DROUGHT IN TRAVANCORE AND COCHIN

Rationing System Collapses

fFrom Our Correspondent)

SHORANUR, July 23.

REPORT has been received here that some taluks of South Travancore and North Cochin, which are considered to be the granaries of Travancore-Cochin, have been severely affected by drougnt.

As a result, the coming harvest is feared to yield only 5,000 tons less than the usual production in these areas. This will make the already worsening food situation in the State all the more worse.

Further there are reports that during the past ten weeks, the rationing system in the state had almost collapsed. Rice is not available even in the black market today.

The present drought has made the situation worse and it is estimated that more than 20,000 acres of land in Neyyathinkara, Chittoor and other places has been affected by the drought.

Along with this shortage of food has also come heavy increase in the prices of daily necessities. Premier T. K. Narayana Pillai's warning some days back that he would issue an ordinance fixing up the prices of all commodities in case speculation in prices continues has affected the markets adversely only. Thus chilli is being sold in Trivandrum at Rs. 2 per pound.

STATE'S PLANS

Meanwhile, the Government spokesmen still seem to be in the talking stage, elaborating plans for increasing food production and meeting the food shortage.

Sri Ikkanda Warior, chairman of the Food Production Board, Travancore-Cochin, who met Sri K. M. Munshi during the latter's recent visit to Madras, got highly inspired and described his plans of food production at a press conference last week.

He said that increase in paddy production could be effected only by carefully using fertilizers for cultivation. Last year, he said, the Government conducted experiments in an area of about a lakn of acres by adding increased quantities of fertilizers and the results had been very encouraging. This year, the Government intended to continue their experiments, and 40,000 acres of land in South Travancore, 30,000 acres in Neyyathinkara, 30,000 acres in Onathukara, 100,000 acres in Kutlanad, 30,000 acres in Always in Kutland, 40,000 acres in Trichur area had been selected for the purpose.

When the work of the Perinjani Reservoir in South Tavancore would be finished, canals would have to be constructed for carrying water from the reservoir to the fields. The Neyyar River Valley scheme had to be immediately worked out. 9 Tidal Bund had to be made in Vembanad in order to prevent attack of sea-water and a spillway had to be made in Thodapilli. The Bhuthathan. Irrigation scheme was awaiting immediate execution, which would irrigate 60,000 acres of land.

All this meant money and, according to the present estimates, a minimum of Rs. 7 crores would have to be spent under these items within the next two years.

Gujarat Congress Chief's Plea For Contributions

AHMEDABAD, July 23: Mr. Kanaiyalal Desai, President G.P.C.C. yesterday appealed to the people to raise a fund of Rs. two lakhs for the relief of the flood-affected people in Saurashtra. Mr. Desai observed that damage worth Rs. 35 to 40 lakhs had been done by rains and that 15,000 people had become homeless. In Morvi 500 concrete-built buildings were damaged and in Malia, situation on the banks of River Machu, about 40 people lost their lives due to floods.

It is the duty of every citizen, Mr. Desai said, to contribute generously to ameliorate the condition of the sufferers.

Ahmedabad Refugees In Pitiable Condition

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 23: Heavy rains played havoc among refugees scattered all over Gujarat. There are 55,000 refugees dwelling in hutments, tents and other buildings.

Due to heavy rains the two major refugee camps have been flooded.

Diseases have also invaded the camps ad about 700 persons have been admitted in the hospitals. The condition of the refugees have uppitiable. The torrential rains have uprooted their business also.

SAURASHTRA FLOOD RELIEF FUND

Appeal For Contributions

RAJKOT, July 23: The President of the Ramkrishna Ashram, Rajkot, in an appeal for funds for the relief of flood-effected people in Saurashtra writes:

The public are already aware of the great havoc caused by the heavy rainfall in various parts of Saurashtra. The poor people in the affected localities are in bad plight and need immediate help from generous people of all parts of the country.

Depending on the forthcoming public response, we have already begun work in some of the affected places. We earnestly appeal to the people to strengthen our hands with immediate and generous contributions so that we can bring succour to the miserable sufferers without any loos of time

All help in cash or in kind should be sent to the President Ramakrishna Ashram, Rajkot, Saurashtra. The President, Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Bombay 21.

EARTH DAM IN MALABAR

20,000 Acres Will Be Cultivated

TRIVANDRUM, July 23 (PTI).—The construction of 2,440 feet long, 80-feet high earth dam across the Wadakkancheri River on the northern border of Travancore-Cochin State to impound 1,200 million cubic feet of water for irrigation purposes will commence almost immediately, the PTI learns.

With a catchment area of eight square miles and rainfall ranging from 90 to 170 inches during the southwest and northeast monsoons, the reservoir, fed to its full capacity, will convert about 20,000 acres of highland including about 1,000 acres in Ponnani Taluk of Malabar District into fertile double crop and single crop lands.

The dam, estimated to cost about 40 lakhs of rupees in two years, is expected to raise the paddy production of the State by at least ten thousand tons.

Laid across the river which has its source in the western slopes of the Machad Hills and which flows due northeast, there are not about 24 irrigation bunds or 'chiras' but the area commanded by these is very limited, about 3,500 acres, and absence of provision for adequate storage further reduces their utility during periods of draught.

Under the scheme now being taken up, there will be two main canals, each 20 miles long, one along the right bank and the other along the left and forty miles of branch canals.

BHEEMA RIVER WATER SCHEME

New Project Will Double The Supply

SHOLAPUR, July 23 (PTI): The Sholapur Municipality will shortly undertake the "Bheema river water scheme" estimated to cost a little over two crores of rupees.

The new water project will provide 32 gallons of water per head for day against the present supply of only 16 gallons per head.

The completion of the scheme would enable the Municipality eventually to facilitate the growth of industries, particularly textile industry, to give impetus to agriculture in the neighbouring areas.

The Bheema river, which has a perennial source of water is about 20 miles from Sholapur.

Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Public Works Minister, to Bombay Government, will inspect the "Bheema river project" during his visit early in August, it is understood.

Exploitation In Champaran

SCENE OF GANDHIJI'S FIRST SATYAGRAHA

PATNA, July 23 (PTI).

About two and a half lakhs of acres of land passed out from the hands of the ryots to those of money lenders, farm owners and big landlords in the district of Champaran since Mahatma Gandhi left the place after launching his first Satyagraha against the oppression of the tenantry by the European indigo planters, says the report of the Lohia Commission released here yesterday.

The Commission toured Champaran between May 29 and June 8 this year, received about 4,000 written petitions examined about 700 witnesses and recorded about one thousand statements of peasants of all descriptions.

The British planters, says the report, against whom the Champaran peasantry waged a bitter struggle from 1867 to 1917 left the latter in total wreck economically and in the decade ending with 1918, the peasantry had taken Rs. 84 lakhs on mortgages and handed over 1,04,000 acres to the money lenders. Before the peasants could get a breathing time, the depression of 1930 struck them severely. On the top of it came the hailstorm of 1931 and its work of destruction was completed by the earthquake of 1934. All this resulted in dispossession of the farmers on an unprecedented scale.

FIVE-POINT PROGRAMME

The Commission has recommended a five point programme to improve the conditions of the peasantry in Champaran. They are: Changing the land tenure system in Champaran and reducing all holdings to thirty acres per family: taking over all cultivable waste lands jointly by the central and state governments and their cultivation by a food army; restoration of common lands such as pastures, roads, grassland, etc., to village panchayats; empowering village panchayats to make land settlements and setting up of a committee by Government to effect these changes.

The Commission had forwarded its report to the Bihar Government with a request to announce their policy in regard to its recommendations.

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Chairman of the Commission had stated earlier that he wanted the principles underlying the changes suggested by the Commission should be applied to all the states in India.

HOMAGE TO MRS PRASAD

Tribute In Caux M. R. A. Assembly

CAUX SUR MONTREUX July 23 (PTI-Reuter): The whole of the World Assembly for Moral Rearmament here stood silent in tribute to the memory of Mrs. Krishna Prasad, wife of the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs of India, whose death was announced here.

Colonel David Watson of Aberdeen, friend of Mr. and Mrs. Prasad during the war in India, recalled the graciousness with which she received her friends in Bombay. At a time when a strike of the postal workers threatened to jeopardise the whole war effort in the east, it was at a tea party at her house that the leaders of both sides met in the spirit of moral rearmament and found a solution.

"Mrs. Krishna Prasada learned the secret of God's guidance", said Colonel Watson. "She fought for an answer to problems on the basis not of who is right but of what is right. Her home in Delhi became the cradle for the nourishment of moral rearmament in India"

In her honour, Caux International Chorus sang the Indian National Anthem.

Quetta Magistrate's Strange Order

(From Our Correspondent))

KARACHI, (By Mail): The District Magistrate of Quetta-Pishin in Baluchistan has passed a strange order forbidding all people in Pakistan from corresponding with six persons of his district who have crossed over to Afghanistan.

An official press-note issued in this connection giving full names and particulars of these six persons says that these perons who have crossed over from Pakistan into Afghanistan, are now acting in a hostile manner towards the Government and people of Pakistan.

All these six persons, it is learnt, are influential heads of some leading Baluch tribes, who are staunch supporters of the Pookhtoonistan movement. They are reported to be carrying on their activities in support of this movement freely from Afghanistan.

ALLEGED MURDERER ARRESTED AFTER 35 YEARS

An accused wanted by the police for the past 35 years, is stated to have been apprehended, according to a report from Multan.

Bhan, the accused in a murder case absconded in 1915 while his accomplice was sentenced to life imprisonment. He is now refusing to be recognised as such, whereas the police is determined to bring him to book after completing their renewed investigations with the help of two aged daughters of the deceased—the only two surviving witnesses who were eight and ten years of age at the time of their father's murder and had appeared in Court.

Congressman Tames Tiger Cub

(From Our Correspondent))

JUBBULPORE, July 21.

A prominent Congress leader of Mahakosal, who is also a staunch supporter of the cause of Cow Protection, has tamed a tiger's cub in his palatial residence at Jubbulpore. He wants to rear up the cub on the lines of a true Vaisnavite by converting it into a 'lactivorous' animal from a 'carnivorous' brute.

A SURPRISE FOR ELDERS

Jordan Water Taken Not From Usual Site

(From Our Correspondent))

JERICHO, (By Mail): The Christian congregation of Elder Lightfoot Michaun will doubtless be dissappointed if told that the Jordan river water for the planned baptismal ceremony in Washington's Griffith Stadium has not been collected at the traditional site.

The Place of Baptism at which devout Christians celebrate Epiphany is situate five miles north of the Dead Sea. The dozen barrels of Jordan water filled by the Elders agents last month and whose sealing ceremony was officiated by the Israeli Ministry of Religions, were collected from a place just south of Lake Tiberias. The traditional Place of Baptism lies in Arab territory.

Hundreds of parents take their children every year to the spot where John the Baptist is said to have actually baptised Jesus Christ and bishops and priests of all denominations nowadays perform the rites there. Two monasteries belonging to the Greek Orthodox Church were built during the XIXth century in the vicinity, and before the age of the motorcar, these used to accommodate Holy Land pilgrims. The site in Arab Palestine is one of the hundreds of Christian holy places listed by the United Nations Trusteeship Council.

Dangerous Dacoits Arrested

BHAGALPUR, July 23 (UPI).—Seven persons, stated to be dangerous criminals, were apprehended by the police last night after a hot chase. A countrymade gun, several rounds of ammunition, some crackers, housebreaking implements, a bunch of keys and some cash were reported to have been recovered by the police.

The arrested persons are believed to be responsible for several dacoities in this area.

It is stated that among them are one dismissed police constable and an excise constable.

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CHANGE FOOD HABITS

Eliminate Wasteful Hospitality

Mr. MUNSHI'S CALL TO NATION

BOMBAY, Sunday.

MR. K. M. Munshi, India's Food Minister, today appealed to the hotel-keepers and proprietors of catering establishments in Bombay to create the psychological atmosphere necessary to bring about a change in the food habits of the people, which resulted in large-scale wastage in these days of acute shortage of food materials.

Addressing the members of the Hotel and Restaurant Association of the Bombay region at the Taj Mahal Hotel this evening, the Food Minister said that about 15 per cent of food materials were being wasted due to our "bad food habits".

"Our national food habits are uneconomical. At every dinner that I have attended in this city for years, over 10 per cent is invariably left uneaten because the diners do not help themselves, but are served by others. The old habit of pressing people to eat more, a sign of hospitality in the old days, is a wasteful habit in these days when food is scarce", Mr. Munshi observed.

CHEAP VEGETABLES

Stressing the importance of popularising vegetable food, he said that two steps were necessary for this. First was for the people to make Monday a non-cereal day and secondly to make non-cereal food cheap and more attractive.

The Government of Bombay, he said, was preparing a plan in consultation with the Centre to secure plentiful supply of cheap vegetables to the city. Under the proposed scheme, hotels and eating houses in the city would receive cheap vegetables direct from the field through an agency which they should jointly set up whereby they could eliminate the middle-man. He promised all possible help of the Centre to implement the proposed scheme by way of subsidies, providing lands, fertilizers etc.

MAL-DISTRIBUTION

Making a direct appeal to the women of the country to organise themselves to change the food habits of the men-folk, he asked them set up their own agency for running cafeterias at important places in order to provide cheap and tempting non-cereal food. Such a lunch should not cost more than eight annas.

The Minister was of opinion that there was only an overall food shortage of 7 per cent in the country, but the situation was aggravated by the mal-distribution of the available supplies. Further, about 5 per cent of the foodgrains were being eaten up by pests and monkeys.

Concluding, Mr. Munshi appealed to the catering trade to extend their full co-operation to the Government in tiding over difficult situation.

Mr. Munshi's speech was followed by a free and frank dicussion on the difficulties experienced by the hotelkeepers.

Assuring all possible help to the Minister, Mr. A. P. Sabavala, President, suggested that a sub-committee should be set up to study and implement the various proposals made by Mr. Munshi.

MOVE TO SAVE CEREALS

City Women To Discuss

Bombay, Sunday: A meeting of the city women will be held on next Thursday at the Bharatiya Vidhya Bhavan, Bombay, to consider steps to popularise supplementary foods and save cereals, in view of the difficult food situation in the country.

Representatives of the various women's organisations in the city will attend the meeting. Ways and means of preparing and serving attractive and nutritious supplementary foods as snacks or paper box lunches at cheap, rates within the reach of the common man will be discussed.

The meeting is being convened by Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, wife of India's Food Minister.

Former Japanese Minister Dead

SHIGENORI TOJO

TOKYO, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Shigenori Tojo, former Japanese Foreign Minister, serving a 20-year sentence for war crimes died in hospital early today of gall bladder and heart disease.

Sixty-eight year old Togo was one of the Ministers who signed the Japanese surrender. He was the only major Japanese war criminal to turn against his fellow defendants. He claimed that the "military clique" had duped him and left him in a position of unwarranted responsibility for the war.

A career diplomat, Tojo was Ambassador to Russia before becoming Foreign Minister under Japan's wartime Prime Minister Hideki Tojo. He claimed that he had joined the sabre rattling Cabinet to help to prevent war.

Four years later he again became Foreign Minister in the Cabinet of the late Admiral Kantaro Suzuki which surrendered to the allied powers.

Grey-haired and immaculate, Tojo remained aloof from his fellow defendants during his long trial before the International Military Court.

Among war crimes alleged against him was that he had endeavoured to conceal atrocities from the allied powers.

His German wife predicted at the time of his arrest in 1945 that imprisonment would kill him.

BOOKING OF GOODS TO W. PAKISTAN

Open Throughout Week

AMRITSAR, July 22 (PTI): Booking of gods traffic from here to Pakistan will henceforth remain open troughou tthe week instead of on only three days as at present, it is officially announced.

Call It KALIKATA

CALCUTTA, July 23 (PTI).—A Committee appointed by the West Bengal Government to examine the correct spelling of ancient place names which have been 'corrupted by transliteration and are now being mispronounced" has suggested that Calcutta should be known as Kalikata.

If the recommendation is accepted, this first city (population—6 million) of the Indian Republic and the east will give up its 260-year old association with "Calcutta." The city was founded by the British trader, Job Charnok, in August 1690.

Other important places likely to lose their old names are (proposed names given in bracket): Plassey (Palasi), Kidderpore (Khidirpur), Ganges (Ganga), the Hooghly (Bhagirathi), Barrackpore (Barakpur) and Calcutta's Broadway Chowringhee (Chourangi).

NEW MALAYAN INDIAN BODY

Mr. Ramani Elected President

KUALA LUMPUR, July 23 (PTI): The newly formed Federation of Indian Organisation in Malaya elected today Mr. Ramani a prominent Indian member of the Malayan Federal Legislative Council and leading lawyer, as its first President.

The objects of the new organisation are to co-ordinate and unite all existing separate organisations devoted to social, economic and political welfare of Indians in Malaya into one representative body and promote the advancement of Indians in this country.

The Federation will also promote and maintain harmony between the peoples of Malaya.

The three Vice-Presidents of the organisation were elected from North, Central and South Malaya respectively. They were Doctor N. K. Menon, Indian leader of Penang, S O K Obaidullah, Federal Legislative Councillor and President of Negri Sembilan Indian Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. V. Shunmugham, Indian leader of Malacca who first originated the idea of such federation.

Mr. A S. Nair was elected Secretary and the Federal Councillor, Mr. V. M. N. Menon, Treasurer.

NEHRU MUST KEEP UP HIS EFFORTS

Americans Write To Mrs Pandit

WASHINGTON, July 23 (PTI)

THE Indian Embassy in Washington, it is learnt, has been receiving a large number of letters from Americans urging the Indian Ambassador, Srimati Vijay alakshmi Pandit, to persuade Pandit Nehru to keep up his efforts to prevent the Korean fighting from developing into a world war, writes D. P. Wagle, PTI special correspondent.

One letter is understood to have said that the Indian Prime Minister had proved himself to be a world statesman with the courage to act. But he was known to be a sensitive man. "Let him not on that account be persuaded to give up his attempt", the writer is understood to have said.

A high Indian source told PTI today that any implications reading "appeasement" in Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's correspondence with Secretary of State Dean Acheson on the Far Eastern issue were entirely incorrect.

All that Pandit Nehrru had tried to do, this source said, was to localise the shooting war in Korea by making the Security Council fully representative—an attempt that India had made before North Korean attack.

NO NEW OFFER

The source said that Pandit Nehru had made no new offer that his attitude would change in certain circumstances. All that he had probably said was that if after Communist China was brought into the Security Council the attitude of Soviet Russia and Communist China was still unfavourable to honourable moves to settle disputes through the United Nations, then those powers would be condemned by world opinion.

The source said that India had made an early move for seating Communist China and that some of the powers whose votes in the Security Council would have made that possible had been officially approached ten days before the Korean fighting started.

There was no question of paying a price to any body.

SUKARNO'S DREAM TO BE FULFILLED

Mosque In Bandeong

DJAKARTA, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Indonesia is to build a mosque in Bandoeng estimated to cost 5.50 million guilders (Rs. 68,000).

Over a million copies of the design, made by President Sukarno and bearing his stamped signature will shortly be made available for the public who might want to contribute towards the building cost of the mosque. When completed, the mosque will be capable of accommodating over 6,000 people for prayers. Engineers from Iraq and Iran are expected to assist in its building.

The design, now out for sale, has a history behind it. In 1925, Engineer Sukarno, budding into a nationalist rebel at the time, conceived the idea of building a marathon mosque in Bandoeng. He designed it. The Dutch, however, would not give permission for the nationalist rebel to push on with his scheme. They were afraid that the mosque might serve as a unifying centre for the people and the nationalist movement.

Last week, President Sukarno called a Committee of experts to push on with the scheme and agreed to be the chief patron himself.

SHOW IN AID OF REFUGEES

Good Response

BOMBAY, Sunday: A programme of variety entertainment in which leading luminaries in Bombay's filmdom participated, received encouraging response from the citizens of Bombay today.

The show was organised by the Rajasthan Relief Society, a charitable institution of the city, in aid of the East Bengal refugees, at the Excelsior Theatre.

The three-hour programme consisted of lively dance sequals, vocal and instrumental music, ballets and comic skits. Lata Mangeshkar and Mukesh the famous play-back singers, drew loud applause from audience by their exquisite rendering of film songs.

Raj Kapoor, Jairaj, Talat Mahmud, Nargis, Meena, Yeshodhara Katju, Sulochana Chatterpee, Damayanti Joshi, and Meenaxi were among the artistes who took part in the prome.

The Secretary of the Society particularly thanked Mr. Anil Biswas, whom he descried as the man behind the show.

SEVEN DIE OF FOOD POISONING

Ootacamund Tragedy

MADRAS, July 23, (PTI): Seven persons out of twelve admitted in hospital with symptoms of food poisoning died in the course of the last five days, says an Ootacamund message. The dead include one woman, four boys and two girls. The remaining five are now reported to be out of danger.

Food poisoning is stated to have been caused by their consuming some mushrooms.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

MR. K. M. Munshi, the Food Minister, is trying a new one. He told Gujerati women that all the women is his books were slim, streamlined and slender and that they should try to be like them. I can allow quite a bit for the usual vanity of an author but Mr. Munshi has forgotten that several of his novels have been filmed but none of the heronies in the pictures has seemed of the featherweight class. Which can only impress on the sex that slimness, slenderness and streamlinedity so far as Gujerati women go, is a two dimensional thing. Get the third dimension in and the scales hit the overwight line. Besides, one might admire the slender in a romance without wishing to see it in the home.

Mr. Munshi, however, has betrayed his generation. This kind of heavy flippancy gives the show away. He is what in England would be called mid-Victorian. Even in our backward society, he is definitely a hangever. No woman will get on a diet in order to get thin and stay on it for long. There are any number of patent-medicine peddlars who will tell you that they have made their fortune on the feminine expectation that five drops of Thin-U-Down after a gluttonous go at chocolates will do the trick. Besides, women have begun to understand that eating has very little to do with thining, or rather being thin. I do not how some of the girls do it but do it they do.

Take the case of the community generally known as "Bandra Christions" In a little over a generation, the girls in it have changed magically. Many a mother whose entry into the drawingroom you anticipated with fear for your furniture, has daughters whom you could accommodate six to a chair. Maybe that with the avoirdupois much else that was substantial and dependable has gone. But that is another matter. And what I am trying to say is that they do not eat the less now than their elders did before them.

This transformation is not done by reading Mr. Munshi's romances. Maybe it is the outcome of seeing many American pictures and imbibing the subtle and insidious ideas of the degenerate West. But it certainly is not to be brought about as a by-product of eat-less campaigns Incidentially, it is curious that the vanaspatis have not pushed their stuff on the ground that it is a greater force for slimming than ghee is.

A very knowledgeable friend of mine insists that I say something about his discovery. He observes that in the Gujerati community alone there is no wide acceptance of the khanawala or "outside meals served" scheme of things That would be the only thing which would satisfy Mr. Munshi's aesthetic sense as well as the Food Minister's desperate need for economy. Why not Mr. Munshi devote his next novel to commending this system?

GRAVE CONSEQUENCES IF U. S. 'DEFENDS' FORMOSA

M. P.'s Want Clear Definition Of British Policy

LONDON, July 23 (PTI-Reuter).

THE "Times" yesterday published a letter from four British Members of Parliament asking for a clarification of Britain's attitude to the United States proposal to defend Formosa.

Mr. Norman Bower (Conservative), Mr. Richard Crossman (Labour, and Mr. J. Grimond (Labour) and Mr. Woodrow Wyatt (Labour) wrote: "The principle involved in resisting the invasion of Southern Korea is clear. It is simply that no country has the right to commit aggression against a state recognised by international agreement and by the United Nations Organisation.

"The proposal of the United States Government to defend Formosa is on an altogether different level.

"At the Cairo Conference of 1943 it was agreed that Formosa should be placed under the charge of China until the relevant peace treaty settled her final status. Britain, by her recognition of Communist China, formally concedes her authority to take over this right and obligation from the former Nationalist Government.

The MP's added, "If, in the course of a Communist China attack on Formosa, the United States Government were to use its navy, air force, or its army to assist the nationalist forces, it is difficult to see how such action could be other than direct participation in the Chinese Civil War.

"It is highly probable that Communist China would regard United States action of this kind as aggression against itself, and that Soviet Russia would endorse this view.

"At that point the treaty of alliance between Russia and China might well be called into operation and a state of war might exist between Russia and China on the one side and the United States on the other.

"It seems to us that the position of this country in such an eventuality is obscure.

"Have the British Government told the United States Government unequivocally that if a major war breaks out as a result of United States defence of Formosa against Communist Chinese forces, Britain will not come to its aid?"

"It seems to us that, if this is the intention of the Government, failure to give plain notification of it to the United States Government might be fraugh with the most serious consequences.

"If, on the other hand, it is the intention of the Government to give all aid to the United States Government, if it becomes implicated in war with Russia and China as a result of defending Formosa against Chinese Communist forces, then the Government should make that intention clear to the people of this country", the letter said.

HUNGER-STRIKE IN IPOH PRISON

No Indian Took Part

KUALA LUMPUR, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): No Indian or Malay detainees participated in a six days' hunger strike b 1,370 Chinese under detention in the Ipoh Detention Camp in connection with terrorism, says a Government statement issued here.

When the strike had lasted six days, representatives of the detainees approached the Superintendent withdrawing their demands and agreed to comply with the orders he had originally issued. Arrangements were immediately made for the issue of rations to these detainees.

SLUR CAST ON INDIANS

Complaint In Singapore

SINGAPORE, July 23 (PTI).—An attempt to protest against a "slur cast on the Indian community by a police statement" failed in the Singapore Legislative Council this week, on the ground that the matter was subjudice.

In a case of alleged rape and murder of a ten-year-old Eurasian girl, the police had described the suspect as an Indian, and had issued statements to the press calling for information about the Indian. A picture, reconstructed from police information, of an Indian with a masked face and the girl, was also published by the police in the press.

Subsequently, a Eurasian was arrested, and tentatively charged with the murder of the girl. This week he was remanded in custody till July 25 pending further investigations in the case.

Sirdar Balwant Singh wanted to protest in the Legislative Council this week against "the slur cast on the Indian community" by the police statements describing the suspect as an Indian.

The Attorney-General stated that the matter was sub-judice, and the Governor, Sir Franklin Gimson, who is President of the Council, ruled Sirdar Balwant Singh out of order.

SILENT VETERAN DEAD

HOLLYWOOD, July 23 (PTI-Reuter): Rex Ingram, pioneer film director of the silent era, died on Friday night of cerebral haemorrahage after a short illness. He was fifty-six.

SIX INJURED IN INDORE CLASH

INDORE, July 23 (PTI): Six persons were injured in a clash among workers of the Malwa Mills here yesterday.

The clash occurred following the refusal of the gate-keeper to allow about 50 workers who came late to enter the mill for work. They were asked to register their names and on their refusal, the clash occurred.

The police arrived immediately and restored order.

AHMEDABAD MILL AGENTS MEET NANDA

Complaint Against Freezing Of Stocks

AHMEDABAD, July 23 (PTI): A number of mill agents in Ahmedabad met Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Vice-Chairman of the Planning Commission, who is here on a three-day visit, today and drew his attention nto the "highhande daction" of the Textile Commissioner in freezing the stocks of three local mills on mere suspicion of blackmarketing.

A prominent mill agent told the Press Trust of India tha tthe Textile Commissioner should have prosecuted the three mills whose stocks were frozen yesterday if there was evidence of blackmarketing against them. But the freezing of their stocks on mere 'suspicion' was an "act of highhandedness which cannot be justified".

INSTRUMENT THAT WILL DO THE HEART'S WORK

Indian Knows The Secret

LONDON July 23 (PTI-Reuter):

MR. VISHWA BANDHU GUPTA, 24-year-old Indian bio-physicist, flies home on July 26 with one of the world's newest medical secrets—how the function of the heart and lungs can be taken over during certain operations by a glass and plastic oxygenating pump.

For two years Mr. Gupta, who is a son of Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta, member of the Indian Constituent Assembly and proprietor of the "Tej" and "Indian News Chronicle" of Delhi, has been working at the famous Fels Institute, Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio.

He has been associated with two older scientists—Dr. Leland Clarke, American biochemist, and Dr. Frank Gollan, physiologist, who studied at BRNC College and Prague University Czechoslovakia.

They have been working night and day trying to discover the best means of substituting for the dual functions of the heart and lungs and instrument that would extract blood from the subject of the operation, oxygenate it and pump it back nto the body.

FOUND AT LAST

They believe they have found an efficient apparatus at last. For six months they have been using it successfully on dogs. For crucial tests by which the machine would stand or fall they have made dogs breathe 100 per cent nitrogen, which, in the ordinary way, would have killed them in 30 seconds. The artificial heart-lung however, kept the animals alive and after the operation they were none the worse for their adventure.

Mr. Gupta told the Press Trust of India that there had been no experiments so far with human beings. "That may come in a very short time", he said, "but a lot of research will have to be done first.

"The apparatus used for animals was small One suitable to human beings would have to be three times as big.

"The apparatus is not expensive and could be made in a laboratory in India. It could be made in a day. It is the research still necessary that will cost money".

On his return to India Mr. Gupta wants to continue his research while running a new scientific magazine.

After studying physics and chemistry at Delhi University, Mr. Gupta received his Bachelor of Science degree at Willington College, Ohio. He is now working on his thesis for a master of science degree of the Fels Institute.

WOUNDS HEAL SOON BY ADDING BLOOD

Soviet Scientists' Discovery

LONDON, July 22. (PTI-Reuter).

Soviet scientists are healing wounds by adding blood to them according to a broadcast on Moscow radio today by Professor Olga Lepeshinskaya a doctor of biological science.

She said that when a banadage moistened with blood was placed on a wound it healed more quickly.

The basis of the new technique was the discovery of the Soviet scientists that there were substances outside the cell which developed and produced new cells. These were present in all albuminous substances. By adding blood to a wound the supply of albumen was increased and conditions produced in which new cells were created. This was in addition to division of existnig cells, the previously accepted theory of growth.

PROTEST: Traders and businessmen of Jullundur, at a meeting on Sunday decided in response to the call of the Punjab Bepari Mandal to observe general strike on July 26, as a protest against the exhorbitant sales tax rate.

MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt Has Tried Everything Else So Why Not The Law Business — By BUD FISHER

HAS NOT AN EFFORT BEEN MADE TO INDUCE YOU TO TELL A MUCH DIFFERENT STORY?
A DIFFERENT STORY FROM WHAT I TOLD, SIR?
THAT IS WHAT I MEAN, SIR!
YES SIR! SEVERAL PERSONS HAVE TRIED TO GET ME TO TELL A DIFFERENT STORY BUT THEY COULDN'T!
NOW ON YOUR OATH, REMEMBER! WHO WERE THOSE PERSONS?
WELL, I GUESS YOU'VE TRIED ABOUT AS HARD AS ANY OF 'EM, SIR!
WHO WERE YOU WITH ON THE NIGHT OF JANUARY SIXTH?
WITH A COUPLE OF FRIENDS!
THIEVES, NO DOUBT!
WELL, MEBBE! BOTH OF 'EM ARE FRIENDS OF YOURS!

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